

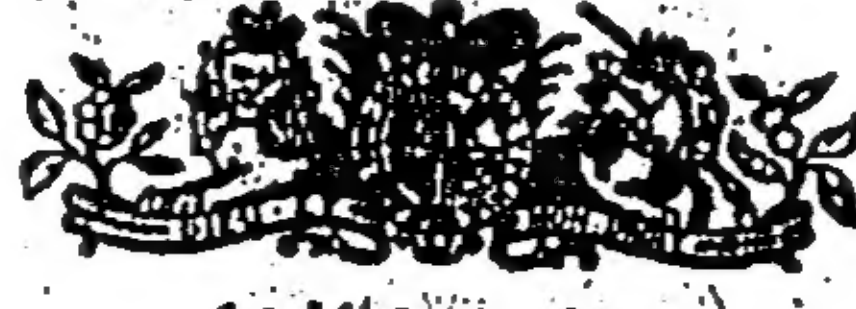
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## De Valera Again Becomes Eire's Prime Minister

Dublin, June 13.

Mr Eamon de Valera, the veteran Irish revolutionary leader, came back to power tonight as the Prime Minister of Eire.

The Dail (Parliament) elected him with a majority of only five votes over Mr John A. Costello, who has led the country's Coalition Government since 1948.



MR DE VALERA

## AGREEMENT ON TREATY

London, June 13.

The British Minister of State, Mr Kenneth Younger, is believed to have told the American presidential envoy, Mr John Foster Dulles, today that the British Cabinet approved the draft Japanese treaty.

A final formal session of the Anglo-American working group on the treaty opened in the House of Commons this afternoon.

The delegations were headed by Mr Younger and Mr Dulles respectively.

It was believed in diplomatic quarters here that Anglo-American differences on the treaty had been virtually removed. And that Mr Younger was able to report his Cabinet's approval.

It was understood that a communiqué on the Anglo-American talks, which took place in London last week and were resumed today, would probably be issued tomorrow.—Reuter.

## Border Slaying Confirmed

Tehran, June 13.

An Iranian Army source today confirmed that Iranian Corporal Razal was shot dead on Monday noon by Soviet frontier guards while on patrol duty in the Lofabad area of Khorasan province in northeast Iran.

The Soviet claimed that the soldier violated Russian territory and when fired on was inside the Russian border. The source added that an investigation is being made.—United Press.

## COMMENT OF THE DAY

### Three War Theatres

IN the wake of allegations made before the US Senatorial investigating committee that the Korean campaign is being fought in a vacuum and that most of the fighting is being done by American forces, General Marshall has publicly expressed a desire to see other members of the United Nations put in more troops to combat the Communists in Korea. It is true that American casualties have been heavy; that the United Nations have been slow in formulating definite policies, and slower still in backing up the fighting force with additional measures. And it is not unfair to state that a great many members of the United Nations have not contributed the man-power they could and should for the Korean war theatre. But the Korean war is not being fought in a vacuum: it is part of the world-wide struggle against Communist imperialism taking orders from the Kremlin. And although the Korean front is undoubtedly the most heavily engaged, it is by no means the only fighting front. Nor are the United States alone in fighting the common enemy. An older and in some respects an even more sanguinary war has been waged against Communist aggression in Indo-China for the last four and a half years. A smaller if no less difficult campaign has been under way against the same enemy for three years in Malaya. The true picture of the free world's struggle against Communist aggression—a picture which gives a more just appraisal of the main allies' contribution—becomes apparent from a comparison of the troops engaged in all three Far Eastern theatres of war. The United States has approximately

250,000 men in Korea; the South Koreans an equal number in the field. In comparison thirteen other United Nations members have only approximately 35,000 troops in Korea. But the French, with only a small contingent in Korea, are maintaining 164,000 French Union troops in Indo-China in addition to more than 83,000 Vietnam Army forces and more than 48,000 auxiliaries. The Malayan campaign requires 32,000 British Commonwealth troops, plus some 100,000 local auxiliary police. But the British Commonwealth countries have also contributed some 26,000 troops to Korea, which means that the Commonwealth has a total of about 58,000 troops on the Far Eastern fighting fronts. That is no mean contribution considering the many other outposts that Britain must guard, including this Colony of Hongkong. These considerations raise the question whether it would not be advisable to seek far closer co-ordination of the three fighting fronts than has been achieved thus far. All three are directed against the same enemy, who receives his inspiration and supplies from the same source. The recent conference between American, British and French military representatives was a first step in that direction. But a meeting of the top commanders of all three war theatres—Korea, Indo-China and Malaya—would be both a more effective and a more dramatic way of bringing home to the world the fact that they are fighting the same enemy in the same cause. We believe that such a step should be taken into consideration by the respective Governments.

## GUERRILLAS STRIKE IN MALAYA

Singapore, June 13.

Six policemen and five civilians were reported killed by guerrillas today throughout Malaya.

An official communiqué added that three policemen and five civilians were wounded.

The guerrillas have stepped up their terror campaign throughout the country in the past week. Last night 40 of them ambushed a converted jeep and trailer on the railway line in the Kluang area of Johore.

They blew up the jeep and part of the line, killed three policemen and three telecommunication workers and wounded three policemen and three civilians.

This action was part of the continuing guerrilla attempts to halt railway traffic between Singapore and the Federal capital of Kuala Lumpur, 200 miles to the northwest.

The authorities reported today that security forces had killed eight more guerrillas, two in Johore, two in Perak and four in Pahang.

The Malayan Government announced today that approval had been given for the deportation under the Emergency Regulations of 323 aliens and seven British subjects.

This brings the total since the beginning of the year to 2,917 while almost 11,000 people have been deported from Malaya since the emergency was declared three years ago.—Reuter.

## Important New H-Bomb Developments OFFICIAL WASHINGTON ANNOUNCEMENT

Washington, June 13.

The Government officially announced on Wednesday that the recent Eniwetok tests contributed heavily to the development of the hydrogen super bomb and to specialized atomic weapons for the use against armies as well as cities.

The April-May test blasts at the Pacific island proving grounds also established that modern atomic bombs are "several times more powerful" than the World War II models, and that even better designs are ready for production.

The tests were "successful in every respect" and produced information that will be of "great significance" in civil defence as well as military planning. So much atomic progress is being made, in fact, that tests henceforth will have to be held much more frequently than in the past at the Eniwetok and Las Vegas, Nevada, proving grounds.

This information was disclosed in special news conference statements by Mr Gordon Dean, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, Lieutenant General Elwood Quesada, commander of the Armed Forces task force which conducted the tests, Dr Alvin Graves, the AEC scientist who was the technical director of the tests, and other atomic and military officials.

The tests proved not only that the atomic bomb is more powerful and versatile than ever, but according to General Quesada, provided information proving that the "mysterious ghost of lingering radiation should be dispelled."

General Quesada and the others emphasized that atomic air bursts, despite their deadly blasts and heat, do not leave the target area poisoned with radioactivity that would delay prompt rescue operations.

### NO BOMB DETONATED

Officials withheld specific information about the tests. They would not even say how many test explosions there were. But Mr Dean made it clear that no hydrogen bombs of any size or nature were detonated.

Some officials stated recently that atomic warheads for guided missiles or artillery were among the weapons proved at Eniwetok.

Mr Dean said: "There was a series of shots, and we did not use the same weapon twice." He said the experiments "contributed all the way across the board" to the development of a variety of weapons.

Mr Dean and Dr Graves both emphasized that the tests contributed to hydrogen development.

Dr Graves said the leaders of the task force were delighted "that so much useful information" was obtained about "basic phenomena" of hydrogen bomb reactions.

Mr Dean noted that no official has ever said "that we either have the hydrogen bomb, or are on the verge of producing the hydrogen bomb." But he went on to say that "we are not disappointed" by the results obtained at Eniwetok.

General Quesada disclosed that pilotless jet fighters were used at Eniwetok for the first time in history. Remote-controlled Shooting Stars and Flying Fortresses were flown close to the atomic bursts to find out what such blasts do to aircraft. Piloted Superfortresses and manned B-47 Stratofortresses were exposed to atomic blasts and heat, but at "safe distances."

### FOUR PLANES LOST

Three of the pilotless jets and one remote-controlled B-17 were lost, but their televised data about what the blast did to them had been relayed to scientists before the planes crashed.

Nearly 9,000 men of the AEC and three Armed Services participated in the tests. Naval and air patrols were maintained to make sure that no foreigners tried to find out what was going on at the little atoll, 4,500 miles west of San Francisco.

Officials reported there were no foreign attempts to penetrate into the 200-mile square of the security area.

## Bomb Thrown Into Home Of Negro Scientist

Chicago, June 13.

A dynamite bomb was thrown at the 15-room home of Dr Percy Julian, famous negro research scientist, today.

The suburban Oak Park police said the attack was "undoubtedly" motivated by resentment against Julian's residence in the well-to-do community. The bomb tore up a hole in front of the lawn, but did not damage the house and did not injure anyone.

Dr Julian and his wife were out of town, but their two children were sleeping inside.

It was the second bomb thrown at Julian's home since he purchased the building last year. An incendiary bomb was tossed through the window while he was having the house redecorated.

Dr Julian was credited with discovering cheaper and more efficient methods for obtaining cortisone.—United Press.

## Compensation For British Ex-POWs OBJECTION TO PAYMENT OUT OF FROZEN ASSETS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, June 13.

Lt-Gen. A. E. Percival, who commanded the British troops in Malaya up to the fall of Singapore in 1942, when he was taken prisoner by the Japanese, today rejects the proposal that compensation for 88,000 British ex-POWs' ill-treated at the hands of the Japanese should be paid from Japanese frozen assets in this country.

He says these should be supplemented by exacting reparations from the Japanese Government in the peace treaty.

General Percival, who is Chairman of the Far Eastern Prisoners of War Claims Committee, says that the hint that £1,250,000 of Japanese frozen assets should be used for this purpose was thrown out by Mr Kenneth Younger, Minister of State, during the recent Parliamentary debate when a motion demanding compensation was carried without dissent.

General Percival rejects, in a letter to the Daily Telegraph, the proposal that these frozen assets should be used for "endowment or otherwise for the benefit of organizations and institutions whose work has been or can be of value in helping those who have suffered and dependents of those who died as a result of captivity."

His Committee's views on this proposal should be made clear, he says, "especially as there may be some real danger that it will be put forward as a bargaining counter" in the discussions with Mr John Foster Dulles on the Japanese peace treaty.

The £1,250,000 of Japanese frozen assets was so small compared with the £10 million suggested by the Committee as reasonable that it would permit payment of only token compensation. The proposal would involve no payment by the Japanese Government and would therefore defeat one of the main objects of the campaign, which was to provide a future deterrent to future ill-treatment of prisoners of war, including our prisoners now in Chinese and North Korean hands.

### "MAKE GOVT PAY"

Finally, the proposal to work through Government departments and charitable organizations lost sight of the fact that the claim was made against the Japanese Government "for brutalities and atrocities deliberately committed against helpless prisoners in their hands."

"The only way to bring this home," General Percival says, "is to make the Japanese Government pay and not to be content with some small token sum taken out of Japanese assets which might well indeed have to be supplemented later out of the pockets of British taxpayers."

The proposal was not acceptable to the Claims Committee. The only way to give British ex-POWs' compensation comparable to that received by former American prisoners in Japanese hands was to supplement what may be available from Japanese frozen assets by exacting reparations.

"We trust that our Government will have sufficient regard for the declared wishes of the House of Commons to insist on this," General Percival adds.

## The King Hopes To Be Well In A Month

London, June 13.

Ailing King George hopes to recover his health sufficiently within a month to resume his Royal duties, Palace circles said today.

They said that, "for the moment," he would cancel any of the engagements arranged for him after mid-day but until then he would be in "semi-retirement," with members of the family taking over the greater part of his duties.

The Royal panel of doctors advised the King on Tuesday to take a long rest after his latest affliction, a catarrhal infection of the lung which is believed to be a form of virus pneumonia. Well-informed sources said the "prolonged convalescence" advised meant complete rest for at least a month. After that, they added, the 55-year-old monarch would be in a position to reassess the situation.

Informants said it was far too early to speak of the possibility of rule by the Council of State or a Regency and certainly too soon even to speculate on a light chance of this.

COURT STATEMENT

However Princess Elizabeth will assume the heaviest share of such Royal duties as laying coronations, christenings and receiving distinguished guests during her father's convalescence.

The King's latest illness followed a winter in which he suffered recurring colds and a siege of influenza and also fought a circulatory ailment that has plagued his right leg since November 1948.

The King's resistance has been low for some time due to exhaustion as a result of his insistence on carrying out the heaviest possible schedule, said an authoritative Court source.

His blocked leg arteries have not bothered him particularly but there is always the threat of recurrence. His lowered resistance left him easy prey to cold and chest ailments and finally he contracted a form of pneumonia. He is recovering but his strength must be carefully husbanded. At the same time leg treatment for two hours a day must continue. He is not a young man and no chances are being taken. His chest is being X-rayed daily.—United Press.

## Chaplain-General Slain In Ambush

Saigon, June 13.

The French Chaplain-General in Indo-China, Commandant Jeanson, was stabbed to death yesterday in an attack by 200 Vietnamese insurgents, the French Army Headquarters announced here tonight.—Reuter.

## Pertinent Question

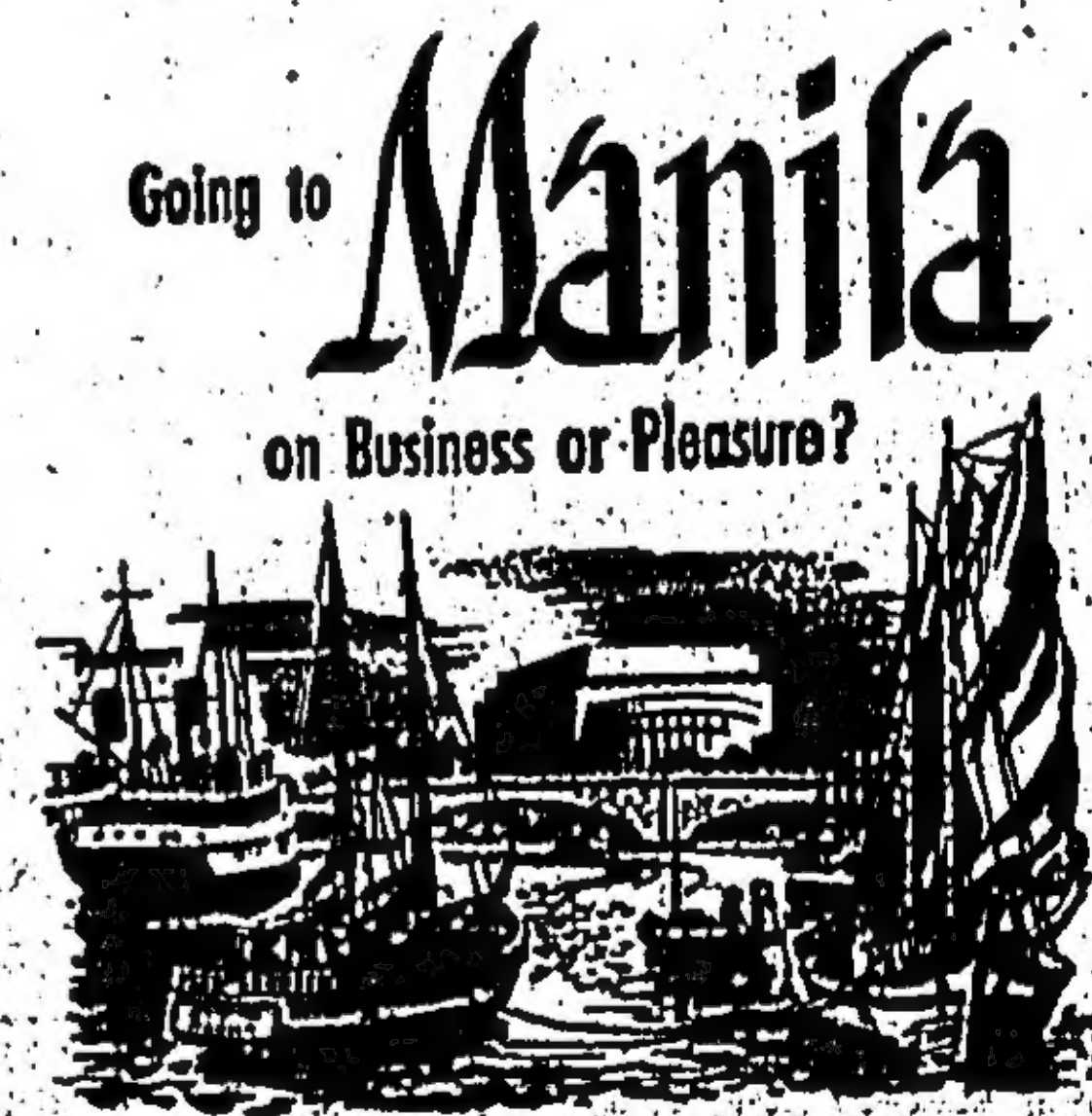
Washington, June 13.

President Harry Truman in a speech to the annual Highway Safety Congress today said the total American casualties in Korea were 80,000 in one year and permanently injured 1,035,000 people annually in motor accidents and there is no outcry by the sabotage Press, no misstatement by columnists or Congressional demagogues.

"And I wonder why?" the President said.

"Now that is an opportunity for everyone of those fellows to pick on the administration, and they ought to make use of it."

"A highway accident does just as much damage to the defense effort as any deliberate act of sabotage by hostile agents," Mr Truman said.—Associated Press.



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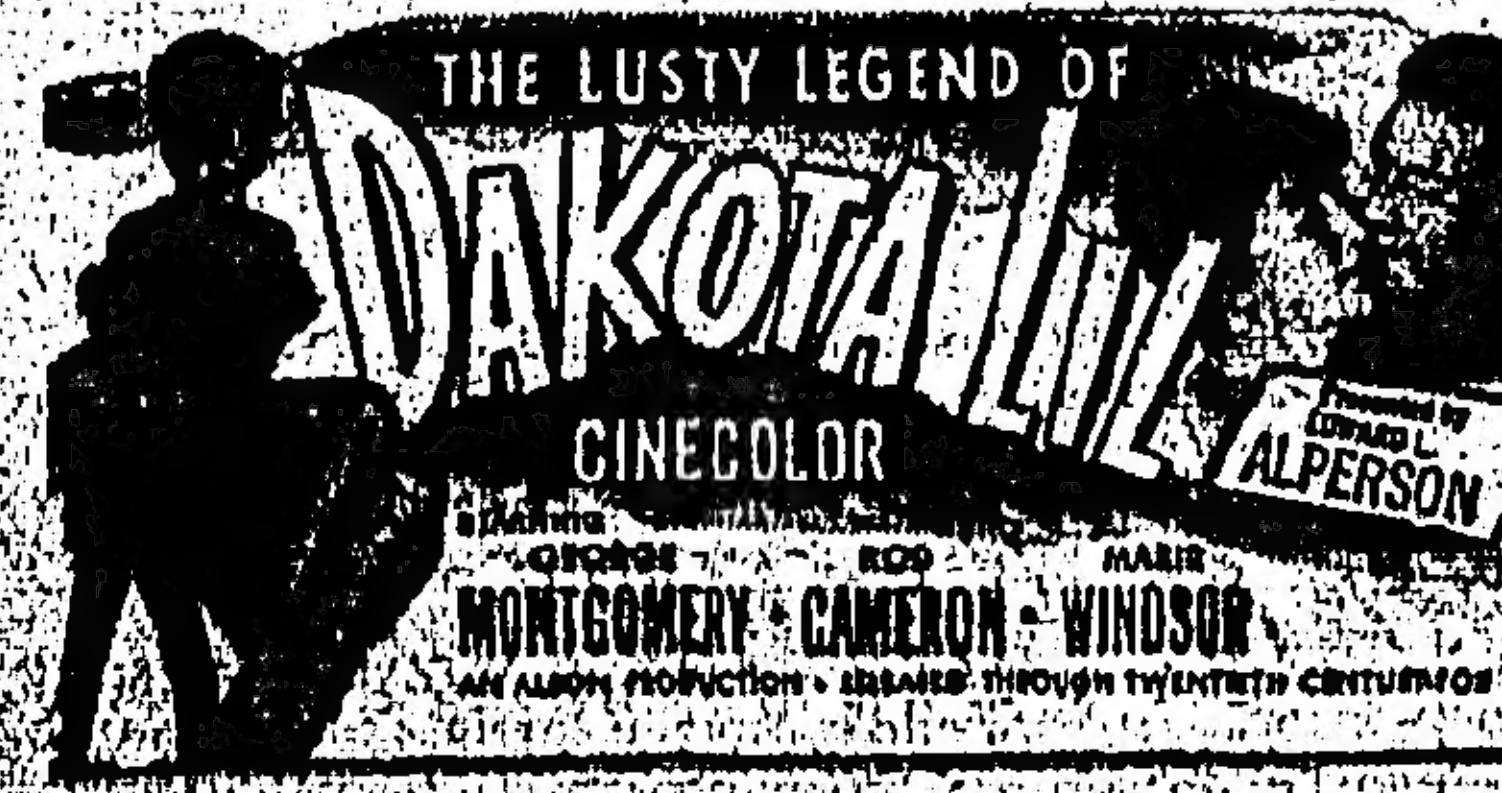


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## No Peace Feelers In Korea

— DEAN ACHESON

Washington, June 13. The U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said today that there had been no peace feelers for a settlement of the Korean war.

He was asked at his weekly news conference about the state of the negotiations on a formal peace settlement in Korea. Mr. Acheson replied that the United Nations Good Offices Committee was continuing its work on the matter and the United States was continuing to explore the possibilities with its allies, but there was nothing new to report. Asked if there were any definite cease-fire feelers, Mr. Acheson said that there were none.

Mr. Acheson said that the Russian conditions for a Big Four meeting, put forward at the Foreign Ministers' deputies' meeting in Paris, were unacceptable.

In answer to a question, he said that the United States was forced to believe that the Russian enthusiasm for a Big Four Foreign Ministers' meeting was somewhat mild.

The United States was disappointed that the Russians could not see their way to accept any of the three agendas put forward by the Western Powers for a four-power meeting.

**CLEVER JOB**

There was nothing new in the Russian note on the Japanese peace treaty presented last week. The note was very skillfully prepared and cloaked the fact that France would be excluded from the discussion.

It looked as though the writer seemed bothered by the American note sent last month and had to do something about it, he said.

(The Soviet note called for a conference of the Council of Foreign Ministers and a conference of the countries which fought Japan in the last war.)

On the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation's negotiations over the admission of Greece and Turkey to the Pact, Mr. Acheson had nothing new to report.

The United States had raised the matter with Britain and France, and it was now being discussed by the Pact members. This was a matter they would want to study carefully, he said.

## Japan Asks Membership In ILO

Geneva, June 13.

Japan has formally applied for admission to the International Labour Organisation (I.L.O.) which it quit in 1938, the Organisation's annual conference announced today. A two-thirds vote of the conference delegates will be required to admit Japan, since it is not a member of the United Nations.

The conference elected the West German Government to membership on Tuesday, and is expected to act on the Japanese request during the current session.

The Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Shigeo Yoshida, notified the conference that Japan was ready to assume the responsibilities and obligations required under the I.L.O. constitution, and to pay dues outstanding from previous membership.

The Japanese application was supported by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, whose representative, Mr. Robert T. Amis, informed the conference that Japan can freely exercise its discretion in the ratification of additional I.L.O. conventions and application of recommendations.—United Press.

## WESTERN AID FOR TIO

London, June 13.

Contributions under the three-power agreement to make a £50 million grant-in-aid to Yugoslavia are expected here to be roughly £32 million from the United States, £12 million from Britain and £6 million from France.

An official statement on the conclusion of the old talks between American, British and French officials in London will be issued here tomorrow afternoon, thus ending two months' discussion about the share which each country should contribute.

The London talks have been conducted on an official level and the result must have the final approval of the three Governments concerned. The grant-in-aid will be made to stabilize the Yugoslav economy and to overcome the existing foreign exchange difficulties.—United Press.

Churchill's '10-Gallon'



## Japanese Treaty Taking Shape

London, June 13.

British and American officials dealing with the Japanese peace treaty are very optimistic of an agreed draft emerging from the final talks on the treaty being held here.

President Truman's special representative, Mr. John Foster Dulles, arrived by air from Paris at noon to resume conferences with British officials after talks with the French Government.

Officials who met Mr. Dulles at the airport said he was very happy and very optimistic. Mr. Dulles would leave London by air for Washington on Thursday night, and it was expected he would carry with him an agreed version of a draft treaty.

Officials stressed that the agreed draft would not represent the final terms for the Japanese peace treaty. One official said: "Mr. Dulles has yet to face his toughest job. He has to sell the draft to Congress. British officials have got to sell it to the British Cabinet, and after that it has to be tabled for Parliamentary approval."

Officials drafting the Anglo-American version of the treaty arrived at a satisfactory compromise on the stumbling blocks. These were:

- (1) Finding of a formula for the eventual association of China with the Japanese peace settlement.
- (2) Some aspects of demands for reparations from Japan.
- (3) Some aspects of the Japanese ship-building industry.

Official sources hope a statement to the Press will be made by the British Foreign Office at the conclusion of the London talks to remove any doubts on the outcome of the talks.

It was understood that on the question of Chinese representation the draft will indicate that Britain and America agreed that the question be held in abeyance.

On reparations, there was agreement that demands for payments made by the Philippines, Burma, France and other

Winston Churchill, wearing a chalk-striped boiler suit and 10-gallon Stetson, snapped at his country home with his daughter Mary, Margaret Truman and son-in-law Christopher Soames. Miss Truman said, "It's been a wonderful day."—London Express Service.

## Function At Palace Cancelled

London, June 13.

An investiture which King George was to have held at Buckingham Palace on July 3 has been postponed. It was officially announced this afternoon.

A medical bulletin issued from Buckingham Palace last night said that the King had been advised to take a prolonged convalescence.

The King has been suffering from catarrhal infection of the lung for two weeks. This was first disclosed when it was announced on May 25 that the King was confined to his room at Buckingham Palace with a mild attack of influenza.

A Court correspondent learned today that it was unlikely that the King would undertake any public engagements during July.

A Buckingham Palace spokesman said today that there was no suggestion of appointing a Council of State to relieve the King of State duties. He will continue to approve State papers and deal with other official business.—Router.

house where the defenceless manager and his family were. Later today reinforcements of police and soldiers were ordered to Ardjarsari from nearby Bandjarmasin but so far there is no news about the fate of the Dutch family.—Associated Press.

## Family Of Four Feared Murdered

Jakarta, June 13.

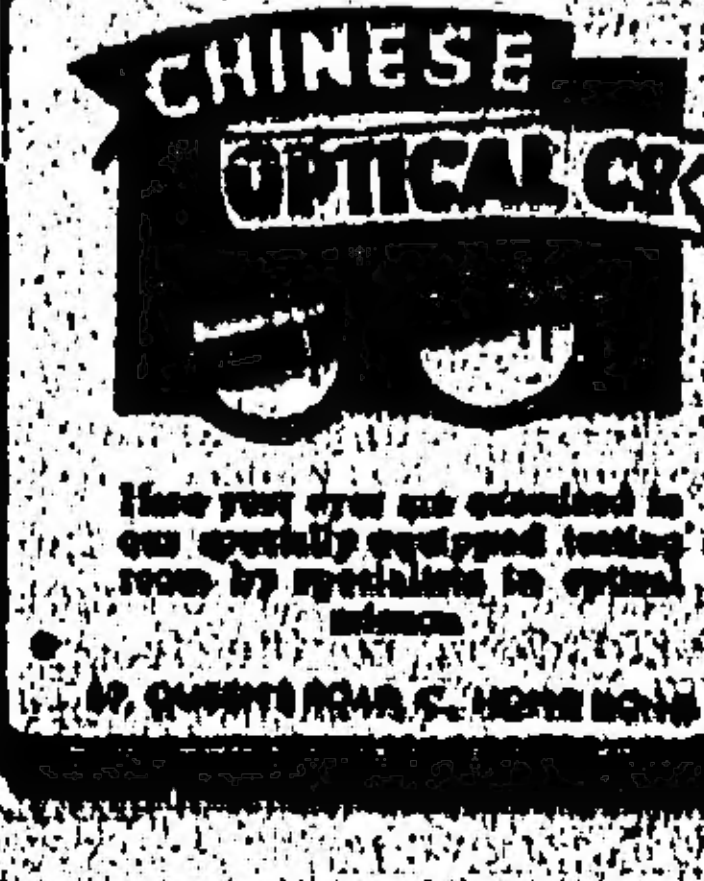
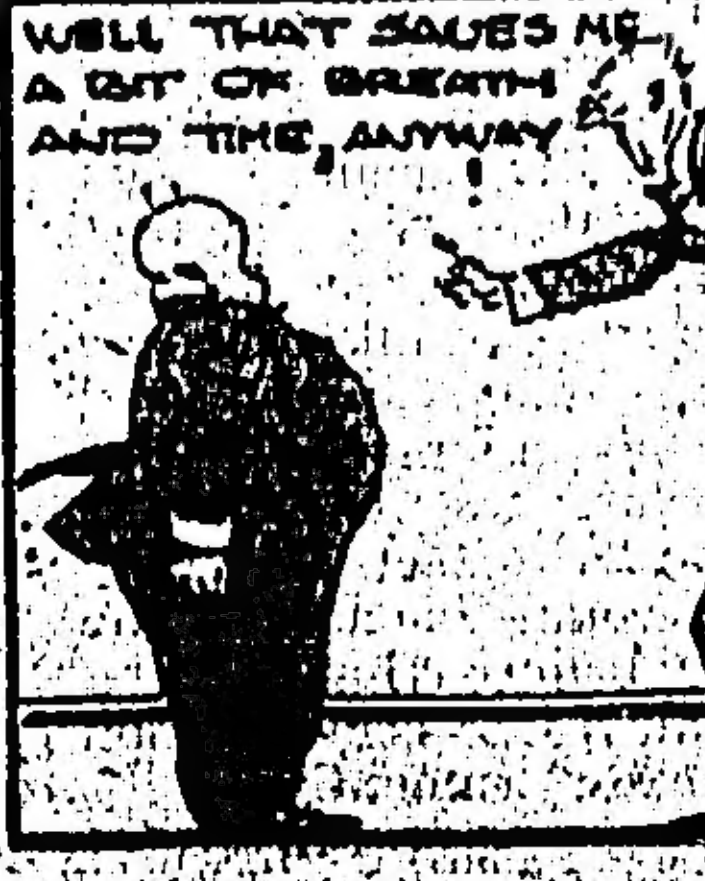
For the second time this week a Dutch tea plantation in West Java was attacked by armed bandits and a Dutch estate manager and his family of three were believed murdered.

Four hundred native gangsters armed with automatics today attacked "Ardjarsari" tea estate 10 miles South of Bandoeng and razed most of the labourers' dwellings and office buildings.

A 15-man police guard was routed by the attackers after a short fight.

Plantation workers fled and told military police the last thing they saw were dozens of gunmen closing in on the

POP



# Oil Company Manager Refuses Demands By Iran Officials

Teheran, June 13.

The Persian Cabinet held an extraordinary session today to consider their next steps in the take-over of the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company's installations in Southern Persia.

A usually reliable source here said that the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company's manager at Abadan, Mr. Eric Drake, had refused to hand over company documents, books and accounts to the Persian representatives charged with the take-over of the company.

The source said that the Persian take-over delegates, now at Abadan—centre of the Anglo-Iranian company's oil activities—had told the Government that Mr. Drake had said he would have to await the result of the Teheran talks before complying with any demands of the Oil Board of Management.

The Persians had earlier asked Mr. Drake to hand over 75 per cent of the proceeds of all oil produced since the March 20 nationalisation decision.

The remaining 25 per cent was to be set aside for possible compensation.

Persian sources said after the Cabinet meeting that Dr. Mossadeq had decided to send a message to the Board of Management at Abadan telling them to be firm with the oil company officials.

The message said that the present take-over at Abadan was "entirely unrelated to the Teheran talks since there is no disputing the legality and justice of the Persian Oil Nationalisation Law."

The Cabinet meeting also gave a full briefing to the five Persian Government delegates who are due to have a preliminary meeting today with the oil company team headed by Vice-Chairman Basil Jackson.

**TOUR OF SLUMS**

The five Persian delegates are the Finance Minister, Ali Vazir, Nazem Hassadi, a member of the Oil Nationalisation Board, Dr. Ismail Shagran, a member of the Majlis (Parliament) who is understood to have drafted the Nationalisation Law, the Education Minister, Ali Sanjabi, and the Communications Minister, Yousef Moshar.

Meanwhile, the Persian Government took the British oil talks delegates on a tour of Teheran's slums as a preliminary to the formal discussions.

The Mayor of Teheran, personally conducted Mr. Basil Jackson, Vice-Chairman of the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company and leader of the Company's delegation.

Premier Mossadeq suggested the tour when he received Mr. Jackson this morning on a one-hour courtesy call.—Router.

**FRIENDLY TALKS**

Abadan, June 13.

Steps to be taken to carry out Persia's nationalisation of the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company have been discussed by the company's General Manager, Mr. Eric Drake, and the Persian Government representatives, the Persian Oil Commission's rapporteur, Hussain Makki, said today.

The Persian representative said that they had presented Mr. Drake with a memorandum. Mr. Drake, told of the statement, had no comment to make.

Today's consultations were understood to be of the most friendly and cordial character and to cover a wide variety of subjects affecting the oil industry—chiefly non-technical matters.—Router.

**NEHRU THANKED**

Teheran, June 13.

The Persian Prime Minister, Dr. Mohammed Mossadeq, tonight asked the Persian Ambassador in New Delhi to thank the Indian Prime Minister, Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru, for his publicly announced support of Persian oil nationalisation.—Router.

## African Dominion Proposed

London, June 13.

The federation of Southern and Northern Rhodesia into a "British Central Africa" was urged in a White Paper issued here today.

The report contained recommendations by representatives of Britain and the three territories who met in March to consider the question of closer association.

It proposed the setting up of a Federal Government with a constitutional status similar to that existing in Southern Rhodesia with:

- 1.—A Governor-General representing the King;
- 2.—A six-man Cabinet; and
- 3.—A single Chamber, consisting of 39, comprising 27 members from Southern Rhodesia, 11 from Northern Rhodesia and seven from Nyasaland.

Three of the representatives from each territory would have the special task of watching African interests and in each of the two Northern territories two of these would be Africans.

The report, which will be considered by the Governments concerned, also proposed the appointment of a Minister for African Affairs. He would be a member of the Cabinet but appointed by the Governor-General and subject to the Secretary of State's approval.

**ONLY POLICE**

One basis of the proposals is that questions affecting the everyday life of the inhabitants, particularly Africans, would still be dealt with by the territorial Governments.

These include things like African education, health, agriculture, land and native administration in general.

The Federal Government would deal with affairs of common concern such as external affairs, defence, economic development, planning, trade, communications, electricity supply and distribution, and customs.

Better education, health, housing, agriculture and other services were needed by all the communities, the report said, but the only successful policy could be an economic and political partnership between Europeans and Africans.—Router.

## Urged To Help

Ottawa, June 12.

The House of Commons Committee of External Affairs today urged the Canadian Government to continue its efforts to relieve the food shortage in India.

In its final report of the session, the Committee recommended that the Government should continue its relief efforts with such foods as were available and were acceptable to India.—Router.



# General Warns Against Extended Stalemate In The Korean Operations

## "AMERICA SHOULD FIGHT FOR AN EARLY VICTORY OR GET OUT"

Washington, June 13.

Lt-Gen. Albert Wedemeyer today warned against accepting an extended delay or stalemate in the Korean war because either would play directly into Communist hands.

General Wedemeyer completed his testimony before the Senate Committee, which on Thursday will hear the former Defence Secretary, Mr. Louis Johnson. Gen. Wedemeyer summarised his three days' testimony by reading a 2,000-word statement repeating his recommendation that the United States fight for an early decisive victory in Korea or get out.

The former U.S. commander in China told the Senators that any man who had commitments to several creditors either must provide a means of payment or reduce some of the commitments until he has the means.

"Our country has undertaken global commitments in Europe, the Far East and elsewhere," he said. "To date, our commitment in Korea is proving most costly. Thus either we should provide a means to fight in Korea to an early decisive and victorious conclusion or we should get out."

If such means were available which would safely prove decisive they should be used and the advice of the military staff in the Defence Department should be carefully considered with respect to this decisive action.

"However, I would not accept an extended delay or a stalemate in that area," he continued. "In a delay we would be expending resources, human and material, to a prohibitive degree. In a stalemate, we would simply restore the status quo before June 25 a year ago and in so doing release the forces of Communism to pursue their aggressions elsewhere or to renew them later in Korea."

"Either of these latter courses would play directly into Communist hands. The cost of such containing tactics would be wholly incommensurate, in my judgment, with the intangible gains that have been suggested by prior witnesses to members of this Committee."

### A MISTAKE

General Wedemeyer credited the United States Congress with producing all constructive ideas for dealing with China since the war and accused the State Department of trying to block those ideas.

Senator Bourke Hickenlooper asked him if the United States had followed a policy of giving shrinking support to the Chinese Nationalist government while the Chinese Communists were obtaining increasing help from Russia.

General Wedemeyer thought Senator Hickenlooper had made a fair statement. There had been uncertainty about American China policy in the post-

war period when the Communists were displacing the Chinese Nationalists on the mainland.

General Wedemeyer also disclosed that he recommended in early 1945 that Russia be brought into the war against Japan to shorten the term of hostilities. That recommendation was, he added, a mistake, an error in judgment—strategic judgment. He told Senator Estes Kefauver, however, that he was not at all involved in the controversial 1945 Yalta agreement which gave the terms for Russia's entry into the Far Eastern war.

"It seemed to me that any constructive purposes or ideas with reference to the area really had their genesis in Congress and opposition to those constructive ideas usually occurred in the State Department."

### ADVISERS' LOYALTY

Senator Hickenlooper questioned him about his four wartime State Department advisers, John Service, John Davies, Raymond Ludden and John Emerson. General Wedemeyer testified that these four invariably gave him reports critical of the Nationalists and praising the Communists but he had never questioned their loyalty.

Senator Hickenlooper wanted to know whether the attitude of the four was one of undermining or disparagement of Chiang Kai-shek's Nationalist government.

The General could not say their purpose was to undermine the Nationalist government. Asked if he knew whether the four were representing the State Department's view, he said he did not. Under further questioning by Senator Hickenlooper, General Wedemeyer said United States recognition of the Red Chinese Government would be tantamount to repudiation of American friendship for the Chinese people, abrogation of the traditional American "open

door" policy and victory for the Communist movement in China, in the Far East and in the world. United States policy is to support the Nationalist government and not to recognise Red China.

### WOULD SUPPORT KMT

The General favoured help for the Nationalists and added: "The government that represents opposition to the advance of Communism is the government I would support in the Far East."

He told Senator Hickenlooper he thought the Nationalist government, as a member of the United Nations, should have a voice in negotiations to end the war in Korea, since any Korean truce should be effected under the aegis of the United Nations Organisation.

He was convinced the Japanese were trying to end the war when he carried out a tour of duty in China starting in 1944, but he added that he was unable to support his conviction with factual evidence. There were rumours to the effect that the Japanese Emperor was trying to send Prince Konoye as representative to Moscow to effect peace. He told the Senators that after Japan's collapse, the Russians, Manchuria, doubted MacArthur's general order No. 1 requiring all subordinate commanders to turn over Japanese arms and equipment to the Chinese Nationalist government. The Russians, he said, handed Japanese arms to the Chinese Communists.

### CALCULATED RISK

Recalling General Wedemeyer's testimony in support of bombing the Manchurian railroad, which is partly owned by Russia, Senator Kefauver asked if Russia could consider that an act of war. General Wedemeyer: "It might, sir. That might result in war. It is a calculated risk." Asked what he would do about the Japanese peace treaty if Britain and Russia refused to include Nationalist China in the negotiations and the United States refused to include Red China, he said: "We could go alone. We would make a separate peace treaty with Japan."—United Press.

### MACARTHUR OPINION

Austin, Texas, June 13. General Douglas MacArthur today asserted: "The surest way to insure World War III is to allow the Korean conflict to continue indecisively and indefinitely."

He said in a speech here: "The surest way—the only way—to prevent World War III is to end the Korean conflict rapidly." MacArthur's speech climaxed a procession through the streets of Austin in which 25,000 or more persons cheered the General on the occasion of his four-day Texas tour. Speaking on the front steps of the State Capitol, he was accorded an ovation as he waved to the crowd.

"If the existing policy of appeasement is abandoned... and we carry the war to the enemy in a manner calculated to destroy his capability of killing our sons and those whose protection we have assumed, it is assumed we would incur the wrath of the Soviet and provoke the start of a world war."

"No argument could be more fallacious," he said. "Considering the Korean situation to be cancer, he said the only sure cure would be by a major operation. "Failure to take such decisive action as in cancer is but to invite infection of the entire bloodstream. Yet the present plan of passive defence envisages indefinite continuance of an indecisive stalemate with its compounding losses in the vain hope that the enemy will ultimately tire and end his aggression."

### "UNRELIABLE"

"Could anything be more naive, more unrealistic, more callous? Could there be any greater inconsistency than the arguments pursued that we can

## Racing Car Crashes Into Crowd



Three men lie on the ground after the Aston-Martin car driven by Kenneth Dace, of London, crashed into the crowd at St. Germain-en-Laye, near Paris, during a 24-hour race last week. On left a gendarme is running to the aid of the fallen, while the car can be seen with the driver still in his seat. Two were killed and five seriously injured.—AP Photo.

## Backward Nations Relying On ILO

Geneva, June 13.

Mr H. Sitarama Reddy, Labour Minister of the Government of Madras, told the 34th session of the International Labour Conference here today that under-developed countries were looking for outside financial assistance on honourable terms for expansion and economic development.

"To this end," he said, "we rely upon the ILO with its mounting recognition of Asian problems and the fruitful co-operation of its activities with those of the United Nations Organisation and other international bodies to bring into harmony the needs of defence, on the one hand, and the needs of the under-developed countries, on the other, in such a way as to ensure the flow of capital goods and technical assistance to these countries and to enable them to forge ahead with schemes yielding peace, progress and contentment for the vast millions of mankind."

Mr Reddy declared that the migration problem was one of the most fundamental for the East Asian region.

"Unfortunately, today we find a few nations that think still in a narrow way, oblivious of the change in the outlook of the people of other parts of the world," he said.

"They are perhaps a century behind in their approach to the problem of the movements of populations and if they do not change their outlook the forces that are let loose by their own unimaginative attitude will engulf them in a situation which they can hardly be expected to feel as comfortable."

### MOST PRESSING

"We find unreasonable attitudes regarding the need of some nationalities for equitable and equal opportunities for

merely continuing to live honourably and peacefully in parts of the world to which they migrated long ago and to the development of which they had made substantial contributions.

"I realise that there are various obstacles in the way but these obstacles must be overcome if the Asian countries are to co-operate effectively to preserve world peace."

With regard to technical assistance programmes, Mr Reddy said: "Our most pressing need is to increase production, particularly of food, clothing and housing."

"While I fully appreciate the technical assistance offered I must make this opportunity of mentioning that our slender resources make it necessary that, in order to be fully effective, technical assistance programmes should carry with them a certain amount of material assistance as well, such as the provision of machinery and equipment for undertaking pilot projects."

"Without such material assistance, it will be difficult, in some cases impossible, to put into effect the recommendations made by the experts."

### WAGE LEVELS

"I would like to suggest that the ILO arrange, in collaboration with such international organisations as the Director General may consider appropriate for the purpose, to undertake a few pilot projects in my country for increasing food production by training agricultural workers and providing them with subsidiary cottage industries to ensure their full employment."

Discussing wage policies, Mr Reddy said that the problem of raising wages to a level where they could be considered fair had been made more acute in India by extraneous inflation.

So far as wages remained below the living standard, workers were bound to resent any general talk of a wage freeze. He continued: "I would, therefore, suggest that wage structures be studied in three parts. First a part confined to the basic constant. Second, a part being vested but variable according to productivity, and third, the last part being variable as well as contingent on profits or dividends, in other words, the capacity to pay."—Reuter.

## Sanctuary In Embassy

The Hague, June 13.

The International Court of Justice ruled today that Colombia need not surrender a Peruvian political leader who has been given refuge in the Colombian Embassy in Lima since January 1949.

Victor Raúl Haya de la Torre, leader of the outlawed Peruvian Aprista Party, took refuge in the Colombian Embassy to avoid arrest. Colombia refused to surrender him. Peru put the Embassy under a siege, which still exists.

A bitter dispute between Colombia and Peru centred on the case of the World Court.

## Israel's First Treaty

Jerusalem, June 13.

A treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation between the United States and Israel was approved in today's Cabinet session here and is to be signed shortly in Washington.

The treaty is the first of its kind that Israel has concluded with a foreign nation. It is to be in force for 10 years and then renewed.—Associated Press.

## New Delhi's "No" To UN Requests

United Nations, June 13.

India notified the United Nations some time ago that it was unable to earmark troop units for U.N. use against the aggressors, informed sources disclosed tonight.

The New Delhi Government was thus revealed as the first U.N. member to turn down a request of last autumn's General Assembly for the designation of national armed forces that could be quickly despatched by the United Nations to deal with aggression.

The Soviet bloc, which branded the Assembly "United for Peace" resolution as illegal has just not answered the request.

Since India's hitherto undisclosed reply to four nations—Canada, U.S., Britain and France—have sent in replies stating that the forces already committed in Korea and elsewhere were considered as fulfilling the moment. The answers of the Big Three Western powers were not as specific as had been expected, but they certainly lent full backing to the "uniting for peace" programme. India did not.

Informants said India's reply took this line: Indian troops were intended for internal security purposes and for the defence of India. Because of the present situation—apparently a reference to the dispute with Pakistan over Kashmir—and because of India's difficult financial situation, India is unable to undertake any commitments of Indian troops outside its own territory.

Furthermore, India took the stand when the resolution was under discussion that the measure put too much stress on the enforcement and compulsion functions of the United Nations and not enough on its conciliation and mediation functions.

France's reply today said that the troops assigned to Indo-China, Korea and the North Atlantic Pact Army were serving the United Nations aims and might be used in other collective security projects.—United Press.

## Korea Trip Led To The Sack

London, June 13.

A veteran women's Labour Party member, who travelled behind the Communist lines in Korea and blamed "American atrocities" there, was fired because she was absent without leave from her job at agency advertising, said a spokesman of the House of Commons today.

Mrs Monica Felton was one of the 20 women who visited Korea from the Communist side under the sponsorship of the Women's International Democratic Federation.—United Press.

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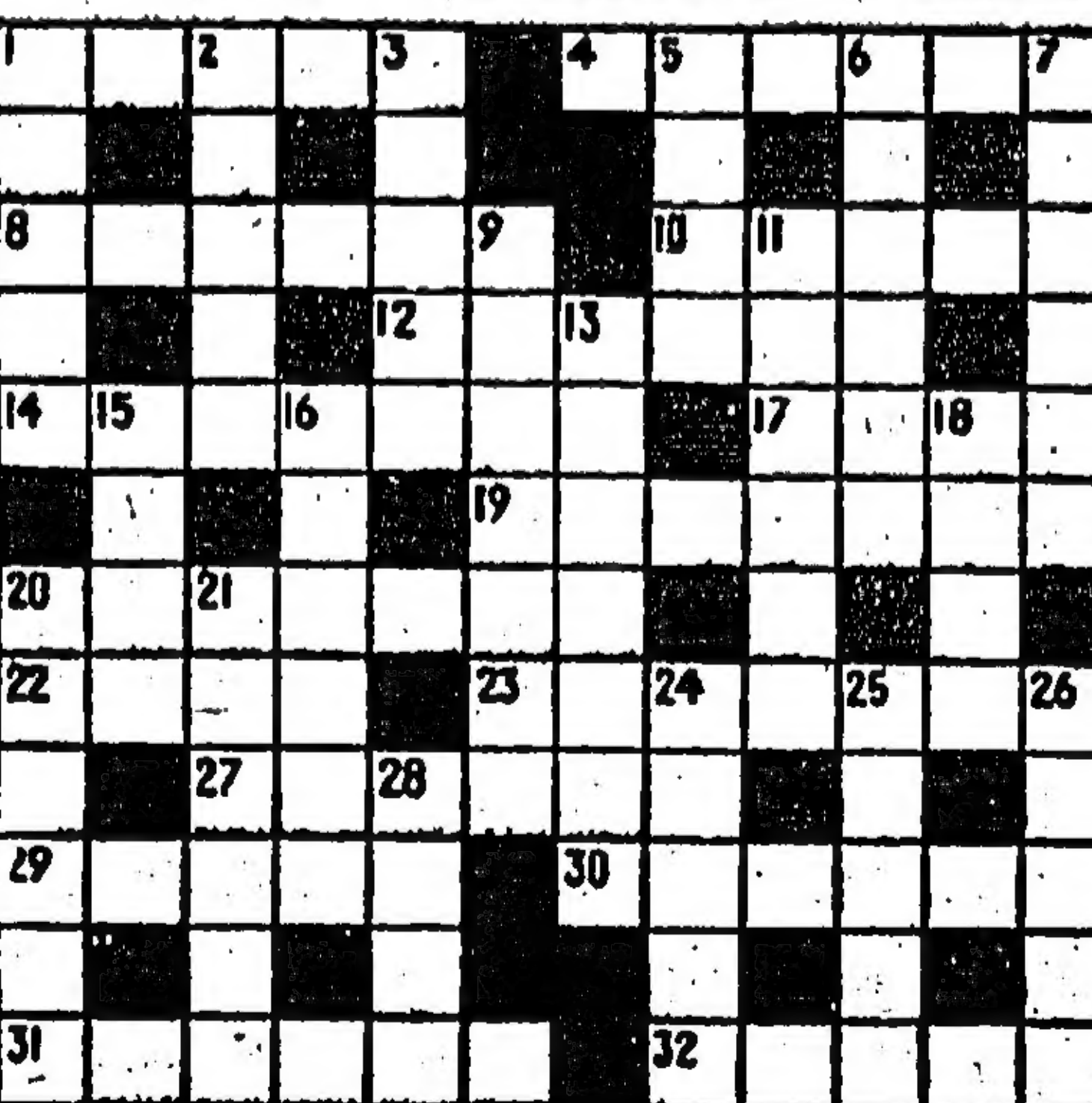
TO-MORROW "UNION STATION"

TO-MORROW "THE OUTSIDER"

TO-MORROW "UNION STATION"

TO-MORROW "THE OUTSIDER"

## A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
- Lead (6).
  - Cruel (6).
  - Insects (6).
  - Best part (6).
  - Random (6).
  - Hollow (7).
  - Expression of choice (4).
  - Rule (7).
  - Admonition (7).
  - Spoken (4).
  - Stop (7).
  - Indian corn (6).
  - Unit of heat (6).
  - Interfere with (6).
  - Sowers (6).
  - Condition (6).
- DOWN
- Droll (6).
  - Fieldwork (6).
  - Musical work (6).
  - Nation (4).
  - Wood (6).
  - Direct (7).
  - Venereal (6).
  - Defect (7).
  - Past (4).
  - Knife-maker (6).
  - Legal wrong (4).
  - Plundered (6).
  - Photographic apparatus (6).
  - Flavours (6).
  - Pigment (6).
  - Sweet (6).
  - Final word (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 3. Assault, 8. Ball, 9. Reported, 11. Promoted, 12. Act, 13. Majestic, 14. Tattered, 15. Gull, 16. Moderate, 17. Condensed, 18. Ring, 19. Stammer, 20. Total, 21. Gully, 22. Gull, 23. Sweet, 24. Aged, 25. Lines, 26. Sides, 27. Root, 28. Peril, 29. Road, 30. Trust, 31. Tolerant, 32. Cider, 33. Sacks, 34. Inner, 35. Mean, 36. Dime, 37. Avid, 38. Safe.

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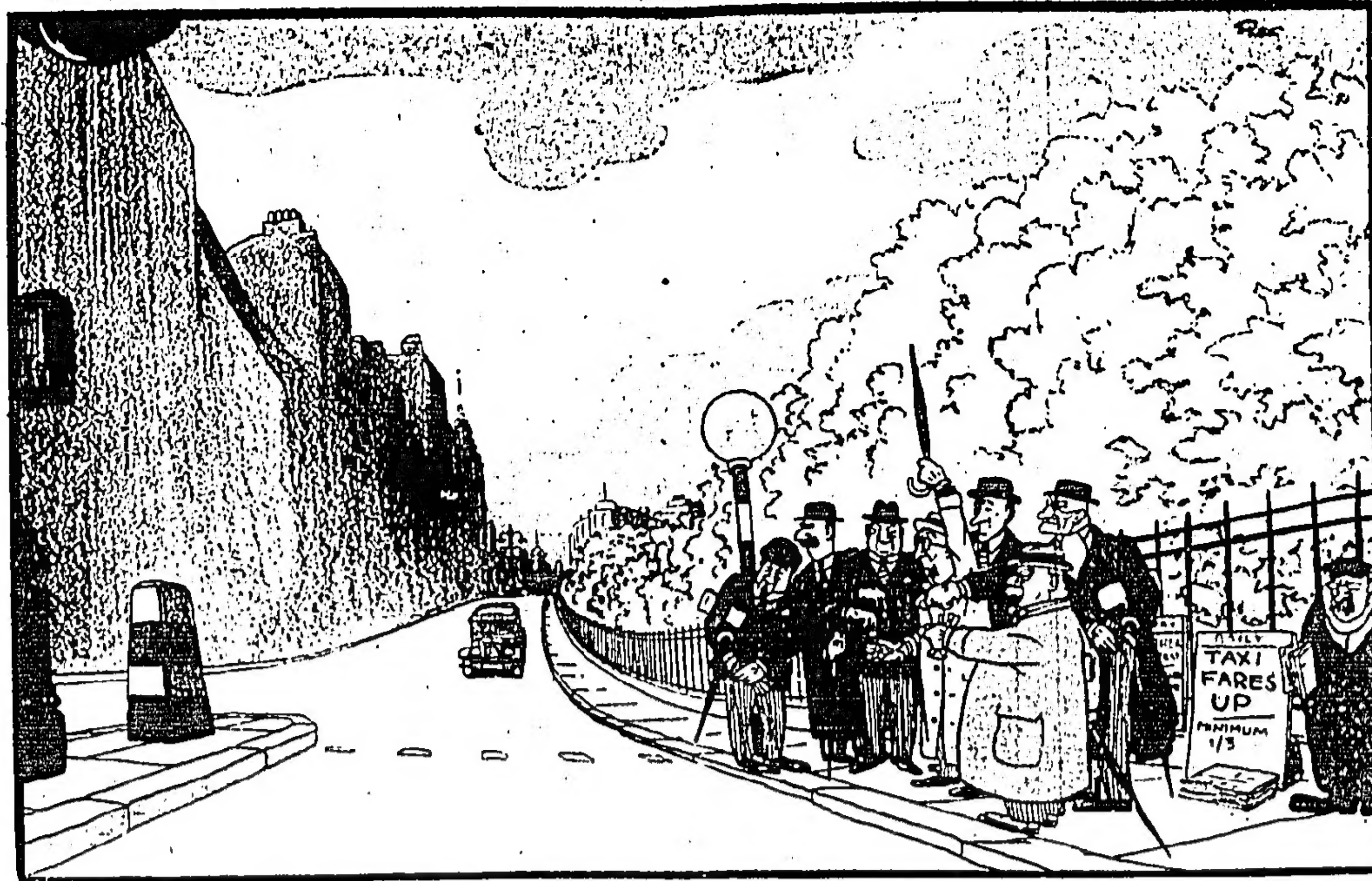
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## GERMANY'S THREAT FROM WITHIN

By  
**KENNETH  
AMES**

**W**ILL Germany's frail, parliamentary ship founder on the rocks of renewed Nazism, or will it be navigated successfully through the hazardous waters ahead? That is the question which alarmed Allied and German officials here are asking themselves following the most startling evidence to date of a return to Nazism.

In the elections of May 6 in Lower Saxony, the comparatively new Socialist Reich Party, openly backing a revival of Nazi ideas, made sweeping gains in the State Parliament. With a total support of nearly 400,000 voters, 11 percent of the electorate, the SRP gained 16 seats, a substantial proportion of the 158 seat house. Calculated on a nation-wide basis, this would mean that the new party is likely to run up a total of over 2,000,000 supporting votes in a West German general election—a solid core of good, old-fashioned Nazis.

### SHOWPIECE

A senior official in the British High Commission, commenting on results, said: "Our experts anticipated that the SRP might gain five or six seats in Lower Saxony, but 16 represents a minor landslide."

Let us look at this new phenomenon of postwar Germany which has suddenly succeeded in appealing to a section of population with its call for "restoration of the good features of Nazism."

The Party's "showpiece," the man who whips up popular support with his Hitlerian brand of tub-thumping, is 39-year-old Ernst Otto Remer. A former officer of the crack "Gross Deutschland" Panzer Division, Remer became Hitler's favourite and was promoted overnight from lieutenant-colonel to major-general for felling the July 20 Army Staff plot against Hitler in 1944.

Said Remer (more recently a bricklayer) in an election speech: "The men who plotted to overthrow Hitler then were traitors to their nation. They will ultimately all be brought to trial."

### THE ELITE

REMER does much to sell his party line on the old Nazi "leadership principle"—a ruling of the country by 10 percent of the people, the chosen elite. He and his lieutenants advocate the neutralisation of the two Germanys, East and West, and a reunification under one flag, without foreign interference or assistance from East or West. A popular theme calculated to appeal to almost any German audience.

Behind Remer stand two fanatical men, the organising brains of the stripling party: Count von Westarp, who carefully grooms his moustache as an exact replica of Hitler's, and Fritz Doris, pot-bellied firebrand who is shortly to attend an international People's rally in Sweden.

Prior to the recent Lower Saxony elections, the West German Federal Government got as far as banning Remer's own storm-troopers—the jack-booted young thugs of the Reichstront, resembling nothing so much as Hitler's SS. It was Remer's practice to harangue meetings from a platform draped with a red, white and black flag with the German spreadeagle on it, surrounded by a bodyguard of his troops.

In a meeting with the Allied High Commissioners, Adenauer reported: "The SRP's rise to popularity is a serious threat to the democratic idea in Western Germany," but he added that his government was quite capable of taking preventative measures.

### LEGISLATION

IT is probable that the next few months will see a running fight between the Bonn Government and the SRP. The Federal Government will undoubtedly ask the Constitutional Court to outlaw the party, but the court does not meet until the end of June and it is likely to be several months after that before any ban becomes effective.

Adenauer told the High Commissioners, however, "If we find there is no constitutional machinery to deal with this threat, then we will introduce new legislation." Until then, with no central police force under its control, the Federal Government can merely request local State authorities to keep meetings under control as

Remer and his comrades carry the campaign into the industrial Ruhr-land and the dockland of Hamburg.

At present the Allied authorities have no intention of stepping in to stamp out the rebirth of Nazism. They consider it would weaken the position of Adenauer's government. Only if they fail to cope with the problem, will the Allies intervene.

Unfortunately, the new threat has become manifest at a critical moment in the life of the young West German Republic. With the Western Allies preparing the way to giving up their last control rights, Bonn Cabinet Ministers find that they are receiving increased freedom on one side, and on the other are fighting to preserve it.

The Federal Government, and Allied observers in West Germany, suffered a shock as a result of the sudden revelation at the Hanover polls. But they have more and ruder shocks coming as the SRP steps up its campaign, joined almost each week by a new minor neo-Nazi party. "That was our first bastion," boasted Remer after the Hanover successes. "We shall carry our war now into the other states, into the industrial heart of West Germany."

An analysis of the election figures shows that most of his support was recruited from the ranks of the traditionally right wing farmers, from discontented expellees and refugees. At meetings which included all the popular trappings of the 1930s, he captured their imagination with frequent mention of "German blood and honour" by branding the men of Bonn as "traitors collaborating with foreign powers" and by advocating a complete evacuation from German soil of all occupation troops.

If Remer and his party have their way, there will be no contribution to Western Defence, but there will be an independent German Army of the old Prussian pattern. "German blood," he roared at one of his turbulent meetings, "must be shed for Germany, not to cover the cowardly retreat of Western armies." His keynote is anti-Western Allied, anti-Russian—a re-establishment of Germany of the pre-1939 era.

### SECRET PACT

SOME political observers have found it curious that the SRP and Communists have never openly attacked each other. It has even been whispered that the new Nazis have a secret pact with Russia. Remer's recent visit to this—on my word of honour as a German officer this is strictly untrue.

The coming months will prove to be the first real test of the fledgling German Republic. If it can face up to the growing threat from within and divert popular sentiment from two harmless channels, then it will have proven itself worthy of playing an equal role in international affairs with other West European nations.

But it is likely to be a severe test.

### A MATTER OF 'INTELLIGENCE' AND 'SECURITY'

## Top 'secrets' for Europe? Eisenhower's problem

**D**IFFICULTIES over "Intelligence" and "Security" have arisen in building up the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation for the defence of Western Europe.

Each country, and particularly the U.S. and Great Britain, feels compelled to impose a certain security in order to protect its own secret sources of information and knowledge of its secret specialised equipment.

General Eisenhower is Supreme Commander of the organisation.

### A HITCH

First indications of a hitch came in the Intelligence branches of the Services, whose reports filter into the Chief of the Intelligence, Major-General Sir Trenchard Atkey, at H.Q. in Paris.

Top Secret British Intelligence is provided from the Intelligence branches of the Admiralty, War Office, and the Air Ministry. It comes also from the Foreign Office and from the Home Office.

date organisation in the world—the Joint Intelligence Board.

It has been customary over the past three years for all such information to go freely between British and U.S. sources.

This has not been communicated in full to allied Continental Powers.

Now, with the presence of many high-ranking officers of different nationalities at H.Q., the question has arisen whether the procedure should be changed and such Intelligence made more freely available.

Both U.S. and British military circles are against a change.

On the other hand, high-ranking "foreign" officers in charge of staff sections at H.Q. feel they cannot plan satisfactorily without knowing all the facts.

But such information must inevitably be passed down to lower officers of other nationalities.

And however carefully certain reports are communicated,

they yet might indicate the sources from which they had been obtained.

It was indeed this need for secrecy that resulted in De Gaulle complaining before D Day that he was not being kept in close enough touch with the whole picture.

The breaking of a "code" system might well result in ten years' work being destroyed, and force the replacement of millions of pounds' worth of equipment.

### COMPROMISE

Some form of compromise may be possible; but a ruling on inter-Governmental levels will have to be obtained. If "SHAPE" (Supreme Headquarters, Allied Powers in Europe) is to be regarded as an operational H.Q.

Some slight indication of the difficulties occurred in the first Western Union naval exercises in the summer of 1949 when "Operational" messages had to be passed "In Clear" to avoid divulging British codes and procedure.

(London Express Service)

## New Knight Of The Theatre

By **RONALD ROPER**

London, June 7.  
**I**N the sphere of entertainment only the cinema seems to be unrepresented in the King's Birthday Honours.

The new theatrical knight, Godfrey Tearle, who was born in New York and has lived in Cornwall since he withdrew from the stage about ten years ago, made his first public appearance in 1893. He was last seen in the dark days of 1940 in Emyln Williams' "The Light of Heart." With him the stage lost a noble voice and a heritage in the Irving tradition. He will long be remembered for his magnificent Othello, Brutus and Henry V.

Conferment of the CBE on Margot Fonteyn recognises her supremacy in English ballet. Incidentally, the ballerina admits publicly to indulging in no recreation, from which it may be intended to deduce that ballet is her work and ballet her play. A similar award goes to Peggy Ashcroft, who, though mainly a serious actress, happens just now to be delighting Old Vic audiences by cheerfully kicking over the traces as Mistress Page in "Merry Wives of Windsor." It is nearly 20 years since she first performed there; her stage debut was as Margaret in "Dear Brutus" at Birmingham in 1928.

A distinguished figure in the Honours List is A. E. Matthews, the veteran actor, whose OBE may be regarded as some gesture to screen as well as stage. An octogenarian, he is still capable of filling a role.

Miss Isobel Baillie, the singer, and Madame Adeline de Lara, the pianist, are also honoured.

**T**WO current impressions from the provinces are evidently meant to be taken to heart in the Metropolis.

A Home Counties visitor to the South Bank Exhibition, after a critical look at the much-publicised Lights of London, went home disappointed and asking: "Why didn't they take a few hints first from Southend or Blackpool?"

And a Fleet Street critic has discovered at Cambridge that for ideas and cameracy examining undergraduate members of the Footlights Dramatic Club, putting on the revue "A Flash in the Cam," can give a lead even to the West End.

"Chief credit," writes Harold Conway, "goes to 28-year-old Ian Kellie as deviser and producer. He steals a march on the London professionals by using the two exhibitions, 1851 and 1951, as a pictorial inspiration for his revue—and expanding the idea to take in some witty burlesques of Radio Scrapbooks, Festival Shakespeare and ballet, Hollywood and Wall Street big business."

"The show—all three hours of it—went with a speed and precision rarely achieved on a London first-night. This, although the production is back to back with a production of some comparable scale with 30 items and some quite ambitious stage setting."

"We may well hear more in the next few years of Ian Kellie and Andrew Davidson (son of Viscount Davidson), who are reader."

both lively composers and performers in the orchestra pit. And I shall certainly expect to be hearing more of Geoffrey Beattie, his lithe, infectious tunes and rhythms set the entire audience's feet tapping, mine along with them."

**W**HILE the Arts Theatre is producing its "Flashes in the Cam," the older established Festival at Cambridge gratefully remembers the original touches of a very youthful newcomer, Tyrone Guthrie, in whom the governors of the Old Vic have again vested with confidence the theatre's future policy.

THEY could scarcely have chosen a more versatile producer and playwright. Since he relinquished administration of the Old Vic in 1945, after a 12 years' reign, Mr Guthrie has produced "Oedipus Rex" (in Hebrew) at Tel-Aviv, "Henry VIII" at Stratford and, a few months ago, his own play, "Top of the Ladder," at the St James's. And when Liverpool stages one of the most ambitious of the Festival open-air demonstrations outside London next month—with 10,000 performers in street pageants—much of the credit will be due to Mr Guthrie, who after nine months as master of the city's ceremonies has been released from the post for his new job.

**T**HE opening—in the presence of the Prime Minister—of York's revived cycle of mystery plays so impressed one London critic that he confessed himself absorbed by a spectacle such as has not been seen in England for 400 years.

But the realism of the Crucifixion scene, if not the white "combinations" of newly-created Adam and Eve, offended the susceptibilities of some people.

It is now disclosed that the part of Jesus is taken by a 33-year-old Irishman, Joseph O'Connor, curly-haired, clean shaven and possessor of a superb voice. He has appeared on the stage in the West End and at Regent's Park. Having a passion for religious roles, he will shortly be acting as Pilate in a new play at Windsor.

**T**HE palm in a memory marathon goes to John Clements for his feat in facing a Frimley Theatre audience for over four hours, during a great part of which he is declaiming Shaw at his most scathing in "Man and Superman."

Nobody else except Esme Percy (on this occasion in the guise of the Devil) ever tackled the double role of John Tanner and Don Juan. The third act of "Man and Superman"—Don Juan in Hell, which itself takes 2½ hours to play—is rarely performed for that very reason. But Shaw enthusiasts flocked to this special treat, which for convenience had to begin after tea rather than early dinner. It is doubtful, however, whether any dispute could make the torrential conversation sound as remarkable as it strikes the Viscount Davidson, who are reader.

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# NORTHANTS LEFT-HANDERS IN 320-RUN PARTNERSHIP AGAINST SOUTH AFRICANS

Northampton, June 13.

A partnership of 320 runs in 270 minutes by two left-handers, Jock Livingston and Fred Jakeman, enabled Northamptonshire to reach the highest total scored against the South Africans so far when their match started here today.

The County side were 426 runs for six wickets at the close of play and of that Livingston had scored 201 runs not out and Jakeman 131 runs.

After the lunch interval the batsmen started to hit out and both dealt severely with Van Ryneveld and found little difficulty in playing McCarthy.

The 100 was reached in as many minutes. Livingston gave a hard chance to Tayfield when he was 30 runs but with powerful drives and pulls he dominated the play and reached his 50 runs in 100 minutes.

## UNDERSTANDING

The batsmen showed excellent understanding in running between the wickets and the score mounted rapidly. Neither batsman appeared to be experiencing the slightest trouble.

Jakeman completed a sound 50 runs in two hours and 25 minutes and the score reached the 200 marks after three hours' batting.

Livingston went on to score his second century of the season in two and three-quarter hours and had hit 10 fours.

By tea time the pair had put on 218 runs and the Northampton score was 258 runs for two wickets.

It was the highest partnership against the South Africans so far on this tour.

The pair went on at the same pace after tea and even the pace bowlers were forced to set a defensive field for them.

Jakeman was finally out for 131 runs when the stand had produced 320 runs in four and a half hours. Jakeman had hit a five and 14 fours.

Livingston, who enjoyed two further escapes off Mann, when 149 runs, went on to make the highest score against the South Africans this season and also his highest since joining Northants.

Northampton lost three more wickets going for the runs and

at the close were 426 runs for six wickets—the biggest total hit off the South Africans so far.

## NORTHANTS RECORD

Livingston, an Australian who came to England in 1949-50, hammered the South African attack for five hours and 35 minutes, hitting 19 fours. It was the highest individual total made against the tourists so far and the partnership was also the best besides being an all-wicket record partnership of the County.

After the South Africans had dismissed the openers for 40 runs, Livingston and Jakeman took complete control and nothing that Eric Rowan could do could stop them though both were fortunate to have escaped when they should have been caught.

Jakeman was finally out attempting a big hit after he had scored 131 runs in four and a half hours and had a five and 14 fours.

Three more wickets fell cheaply when the County went for the runs towards the close. Freddie Brown, England's Test captain, won the toss and gave Northamptonshire first innings on a good wicket.

The South Africans made four changes from their Test side, Endean, McLean, Mansell and Tayfield coming in for Nourse, Waite, Athol Rowan and Cheetham.

Northants included George Tribe, Australian left-arm spin bowler, who is qualifying for them and will play in County Championships next season.

The opening pair began confidently, scoring 55 runs in the first 20 minutes. Then the pace

bowler McCarthy bowled Oldfield playing back. Brookes made some delightful strokes but at 40 runs, made in half an hour, he shaped to turn McCarthy to leg and was bowled by a ball which swung viciously.

The scoring slowed abruptly with the fall of these two wickets. Jock Livingston and Jakeman defended stubbornly against a keen attack. Even so 50 runs were made in the same number of minutes and at lunch the pair were still together with the score at 77 runs for two wickets.

## CLOSE OF PLAY SCORES

London, June 13. The following were today's close of play scores:

At Lords: Middlesex 328 (Robertson 172, Thompson 83, McCann, right-arm off-spin bowler, four for 34). Middlesex were all out at the close. Glamorgan to bat.

At Manchester: Warwickshire 101 (Statham, right-arm fast medium bowler, three for 20). Lancashire 158 for three (Wharton 53, Ikin 89 not out).

At Gloucester: Hampshire 544 for five (McCorkell 172 not out, Rogers 70, Rayment 51). Gloucestershire to bat.

At Oxford: Oxford University 200 (Bobbyer 67). Sussex 35 for one.

At Brentwood: Yorkshire 380 for six declared (Hutton 141, Yardley 52, Watson 84 not out). Essex 25 for no wicket.

At Leicester: Leicestershire 384 for nine declared (Palmer 139). Nottinghamshire four for one wicket.

At Worcester: Worcester 415 for four declared (Dews 145, Broadbent 151 not out). Combined Services 37 for two.

At Frome: Derbyshire 52 (Redman, right-arm fast medium bowler, seven for 23, Buse, right-arm medium bowler, three for 24) and 119 for one (Elliot 76 not out). Somerset 94 (Hall, right-arm fast-medium bowler, four for 19).—Reuter.

## Sam King Leads In Penfold Open Golf Tourney

Bournemouth, England, June 13. Sharp cross winds prevented low scoring today in the first qualifying round for the £3,000 Penfold Open Golf Tournament here.

Sam King of England led the field over the short 5,825 yard par 36 and three players, including Norman von Nida of Australia, were tied for the lead with 72s on the 6,040 yard par 72 Queen's Park layout.

Bracketed with Von Nida were Art Lees of England and G. De Wit of The Hague. A stroke behind was Antonio Cerda of Argentina while two strokes away was Flory Van Donck of Belgium.

Art Clark of Huntington, West Virginia, and Hassan Hassan of Egypt each had 72 on the short course while Al Zimmerman of Portland, Oregon, and Jim Jacobs of Cairo had 78s on the longer links.

The players switch courses tomorrow and the low 50 qualify for the final 36 holes and a chance at the first prize of £200.—Associated Press.

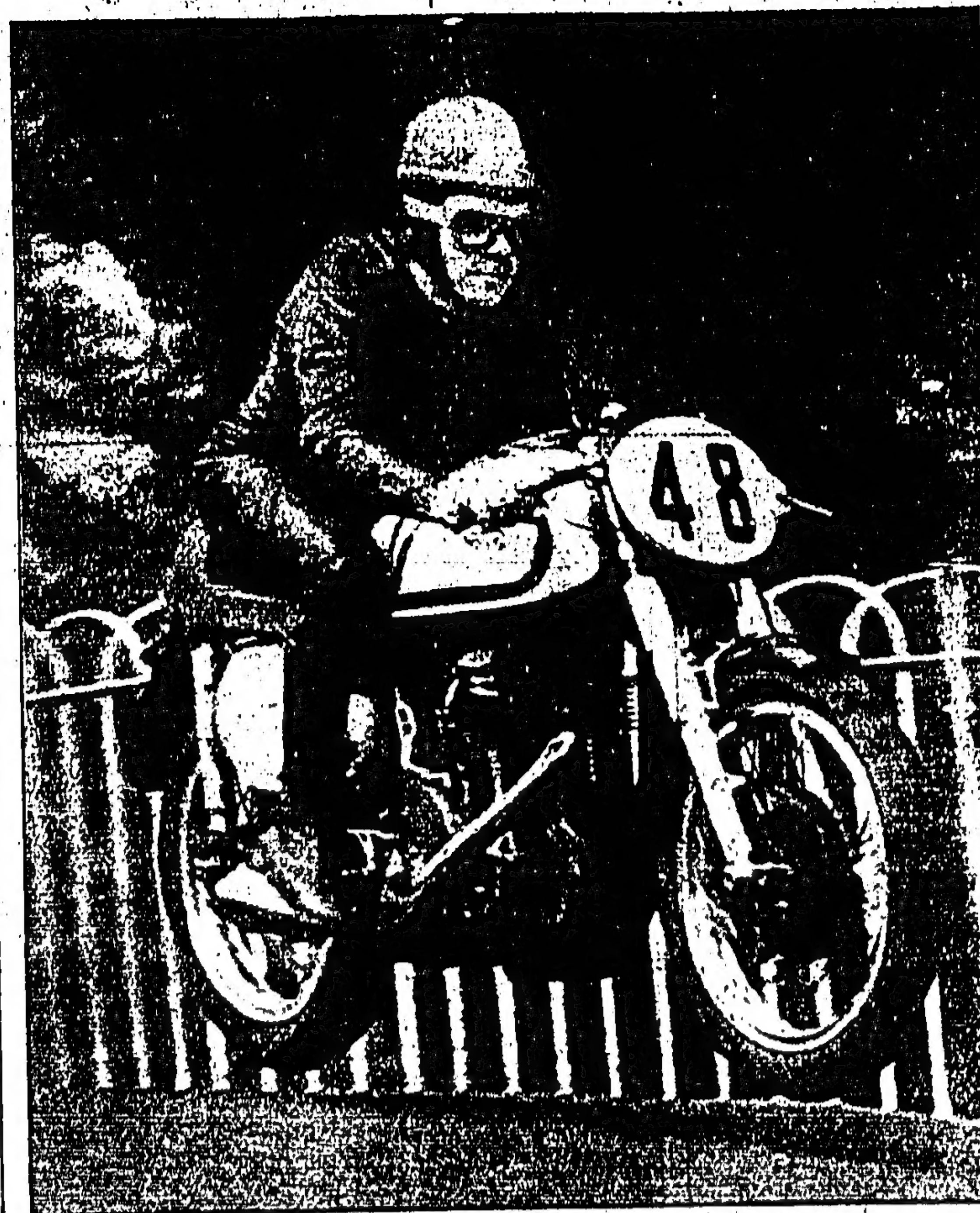
## Recreio Meetings

The following meetings of the Club de Recrio will be held in the Social Room of the Club on the dates shown for the purpose of electing Sub-Committee for the ensuing year:

Sports Section.—Crickets, Monday, June 18; Hockey, Tuesday, June 19; Tennis, Wednesday, June 20; Badminton, Thursday, June 21. All meetings of the Sports Section will commence at 8.15 p.m.

Ladies Section.—Thursday, June 21, at 4 p.m.

## AT SPEED OVER BALLAUGH BRIDGE



Geoff Duke's 348cc Norton leaps Ballaugh Bridge, as the young TT veteran takes it at speed in the Isle of Man Junior TT race.

Duke won the race with an average speed of 89.90 mph, three miles an hour faster than the existing record. He was consistently lapping at around 90 miles per hour.

## THE SPORTSMAN'S DIARY

# Boxers Under 18 Years Of Age Should Not Be Granted Licences As Professionals

A medical commission, headed by Professor Alexander Kennedy, of Britain, have for the past two years been conducting a world wide investigation for the Association Internationale de Boxe Amateur into injuries to the brain that can result from boxing. These include punch-drunkness.

But though their work on brain injuries will not be complete for another two years, the Commission have already made proposals that have led to changes in the AIBA rules. Not the least important of these is the one banning boxers under 17 years of age from international competitions.

It seems that the amateurs take their doctors' advice. Not so the British Boxing Board of Control. They have decided to go against their own medical board, who recently recommended that no licence should be granted to a boxer to fight professionally until he is 18.

The BBBC preferred to keep the age at 16. Boxing is not the brutal sport that some people would have the public believe, but 16 is too young for a boxer to enter prize fighting.

Could the cash motive have had any bearing on this decision?

## RAF FOR HENLEY

Royal Air Force crews for Henley Royal Regatta will be coached by the ex-professional sculling champion, of Britain, Lou Barry, non-professionally. Barry in 1936 beat Ted Phelps for the British championship, and was then twice beaten by Eric Phelps, who has held the title ever since.

Lou Barry, a son of Bill Barry, brother of Bert and nephew of Ernest—all champions—has held a commission in the RAF since the war. Because of his command of languages he was for a time an air attaché in the British Embassy in Rome. He now commands an air station at Chicksands (Bedfordshire), and will coach in an honorary capacity.

RAF rowing is growing in strength. Last year a four from Benson reached the final of the Wyfold four.

This year's crews are completely representative of the whole Service, and were picked after trials at Reading.

The eight will be captained by Squadron Leader F. D. Proctor from Old Sarum, and stroked by LAC Hall, of Fighter Command. The four will be stroked by Squadron Leader J. R. H. Lewis, of Huddersfield.

## CHOICES THIN

Though W. R. Beckett, winner of this year's international regatta, was selected with Chris Chalkley to represent Britain in the 1,500 metres at the international meeting in Amsterdam

and beat him, it is his intention to move up to the three miles later this season.

He will appear in the longer event at the AAA championships in July and intends to have his first serious trial over the distance in the Southern Championships at Reading on June 23.

Beckett should prove a welcome addition to Britain's slender stock of top-class three-milers. He has the speed to run a mile in around 4 minutes, and the stamina to complete a gruelling cross-country course.

## COMPARISON

Here, as a last thought on the departed rugby season is one about Bath. They won 13 away games and were unbeaten by any London side.

During the war their ground was bombed. Damage was assessed at £7,000. A rebuilding scheme was passed by the local council. Now the Ministry of Works have refused it, at the same time allowing Bath City at the foot of the Southern League to cover, to spend £3,000. Something odd here, surely.

## AUSTERITY ATHLETICS

Yale and Harvard track team, who are to meet Oxford and Cambridge at the White City on

June 23, sailed from New York in the Queen Elizabeth on June 7 and will arrive in London on June 13.

Cost of the trip—about £4,000—is being raised by donations from former United States athletes who have competed against Oxford and Cambridge.

After the White City match Yale and Harvard will go to Ireland to meet Clonsilla Harriers, in Dublin on June 26.

Each member of the team will be given the choice of returning home or taking cash sufficient to cover his return ticket.

Majority plan to spend the summer in England or on the Continent. Some will compete in Continental athletic meetings; others will study or spend their time touring.

## BRENTFORD BRICK

Brentford supporters have been taking liberties with the name of the England and Arsenal centre-half, Leslie Compton.

No offence, of course, but his name was the solution of the anagram problem "One simple dot," in the puzzle corner of their magazine.

(London Express Service.)

## Major League Baseball

New York, June 13. The Boston Red Sox scored once in the second inning and added another in the eighth for a 2-0 American League victory over the Detroit Tigers today.

Bill Wight gave the Tigers only five hits and turned in the second shutout of the season for the Sox.

Detroit's Dizzy Trout who lost his seventh game pitched almost as well, allowing only six hits.

The Cleveland at Philadelphia, St. Louis at New York and Chicago at Washington games were postponed because of rain.

In the National League, Robin Roberts won his seventh victory of the season with a four-hit performance while the Chicago Cubs kicked in with four errors to give the Philadelphia Phillies a 5-0 win.

Errors by Virgil Stallcup and Connie Ryan in the eighth inning helped the New York Giants score three runs for a 5-2 victory over the Cincinnati Reds.

The Boston at Pittsburgh game was postponed because of rain. The Brooklyn at St. Louis game is a night game.

## AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit ..... R H E  
Boston ..... 0 5 0

Winning pitcher Bill Wight, loser Dizzy Trout.

## NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia ..... R H E  
Chicago ..... 5 11 1

Winning pitcher Robin Roberts, loser John Klippstein.

New York ..... 5 7 1  
Cincinnati ..... 2 5 2

Winning pitcher George Spence, loser Ewell Blackwell. —Associated Press.

## Kent Lawn Tennis Championships

Beckenham, England, June 13.

India's Noreish Kumar entered the last eight of the Kent Lawn Tennis championships here today when he beat Leon Norgard of South Africa, 6-2, 6-7. Kumar will meet Gardner Mulloy (US) in the quarter-final round.

India's Narendra Nath beat the U.S. Junior Champion, Hamilton Richardson, 6-0, 6-0. Nath will meet South Africa's S. Levy in the quarter-final. —United Press.

## Liberation Shield Match On June 24

The first game in the 1951 series of the KCC-KBCC Liberation Shield lawn bowls contest will be played at the Kewlown Cricket Club on Sunday, June 24, starting at 3.30 p.m.

KCC members who wish to play in this match should sign the list which is now displayed on the Club notice board.

## CRAIGENGOWER MEETING

All members of Craigengower Cricket Club are reminded that the Statutory Meeting of the Club will be held at the Clubhouse tomorrow at 8 p.m.

Among the items on the agenda are the elections of office bearers for the coming year.

## West Of England Tennis Tourney

Bristol, June 13. Jaroslav Drobný, of Egypt, reached the last eight in the men's singles in the West of England Lawn Tennis Championships here today.

In the third round he beat G. Scharengevel by 6-2 and 6-3.—Reuter.

## BRITISH SHOT PUT RECORD

John Savidge, the British native record holder in the Shot Put, further improved on the record with a heave of 54 feet 6 inches in the Nottinghamshire County Championships.

This performance also constitutes a new British Empire record and puts Savidge in the running for an Olympic Championship and within less than two feet of the British all-comers' record of 56 feet 2 inches set up by Wilbur Thompson of the United States at the Olympic Games at Wembley in 1948.

## Humez Beats Eddie Thomas On Points

Porthcawl, Wales, June 13.

Smiling Charlie Humez of France won the European welterweight title tonight with a one-sided points decision over champion Eddie Thomas of Wales before a crowd of 8,000 who sat through drizzling rain.

Humez weighed 148½ pounds, Thomas 145½.

The bronzed, crouching Frenchman unleashed a tremendous body attack from start to finish. He had Thomas bleeding from above both eyes by the fourth round and he took what punches the champion could offer without ever stopping smiling.

His right hook that brought the blood failed, however, to floor the same Welshman who never has been on the canvas.

Thomas, always a late starter, grimly tried for a knockout in the closing rounds but the best he could do was rock Humez with a solid right uppercut to the body in the 15th round. —Associated Press.

## Louis v. Sayold Fight Postponed

New York, June 13. Tonight's 15-round fight between Joe Louis and Lee Sayold was postponed for 24 hours because of rain and threatening weather.

Weather permitting, the pair will meet tomorrow night at the Polo Grounds.

Colonel Eddie Egan, the Chairman of the New York Athletic Commission, said that if the bout was held then a second weigh-in would not be necessary.

It began raining in New York shortly after noon today, with showers forecast for the evening and tonight. Louis scaled 16 stone, one and a quarter pounds at the weigh-in today against Sayold's 13 stone, eight pounds.—Reuter.

## FA CUP FIELD LIMITED TO 408

London, June 13. The number of clubs in the 1951-52 Football Association Cup competition will be 139 fewer than last season, the FA announced today. The total entry will be 408.

The FA said 690 clubs applied for entry and 160 were refused. The preliminary round will be played on September 15.

Newcastle United won the Cup last season.—Associated Press.

## LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE STANDINGS

### First Division

	P	W	D	L	F	A	U	D	Pts
KDC	5	5	-	-	334	247	87	-	23½
KBGC	5	3	-	3	422	325	97	-	18
IRC	4	3	-	1	250	208	42	-	15
KCC	4	3	-	1	228	215	13	-	13
C de R (B)	4	2	-	1	158	148	10	-	9
C de R (W)	4	1	-	3	229	239	-	-	9
CCC	5	2	-	3	261	283	-	-	8½
PRC	5	2	-	3	360	324	-	-	8
HKFC	4	1	-	3	222	251	-	-	5
TDC	4	-	-	4	176	300	-	-	2

### Second Division

	P	W	D	L	F	A	U	D	Pts
C de R	5	5	-	-	290	256	30	-	20
IRC	4	3	-	1	268	219	49	-	13½
KBGC	4	2	-	2	221	227	-	-	11
FC	4	1	-	3	220	217	19	-	10½
HKFC	4	2	-	2	214	231	-	-	17
KCC	5	1	-	3	305	290	9	-	8
POC	3	1	-	2	178	172	6	-	0
HKFC	3	-	-	3	129	219	-	-	90

### Third Division

	P	W	D	L	F	A	U	D	Pts
IRC	5	3	-	2	316	301	15	-	10
C de R	5	4	-	1	309	270	39	-	15
KCC	4	2	-	2	241	227	14	-	12
HKFC	5	2	-	3	308	303	5	-	11
FC	5	2	-	3	272	289	-	-	17
CCC	4	2	-	2	218	240	-	-	28
KDC	4	2	-	2	223	241	-	-	18
PRC	4	1	-	3	233	243	-	-	10

## Skips' Tables

Qualification: 3 wins.

### First Division

	P	W	D	L	F	A	U	D	Pts
A. Marshall (KBGC)	5	5	-	-	102	110	45	-	0
E. Pearson (KDC)	5	4	-	1	90	92	10	-	4½
A. R. R. (IRC)	5	4	-	1	87	87	28	-	4
E. B. G. (KCC)	5	3	-	2	82	82	15	-	3
W. G. (KBGC)	5	3	-	2	85	85	15	-	3
W. G. (KCC)	5	3	-	2	72	57	15	-	3
V. M. (IRC)	5	3	-	2	85	84	4	-	3
E. M. (KBGC)	5	3	-	2	82	82	15	-	3
J. M. (KCC)	5	3	-	2	123	118	51	-	3

### Second Division

Second Division									
A. W. Brown (BIRCC)	4	4	-	-	99	45	54	-	4
1. All (HCC)	4	4	-	-	88	60	28	-	4
2. C. R. (KBGC)	4	3	-	1	80	73	18	-	4
3. E. C. (KCC)	4	3	-	1	87	53	14	-	3
4. J. C. (KBGC)	4	3	-	1	79	67	12	-	3
5. R. S. (FC)	4	3	-	1	77	75	2	-	3



## Royal Ascot Meeting VAL DASSA WINS ROYAL HUNT CUP

Ascot, June 13.  
Val Dassa, a four-year-old filly owned by the Irish sportsman, Major Dermot McCalmont, today won the £3,000 Royal Hunt Cup, the big handicap sprint of the Royal meeting.

Starting at 100 to 6 and ridden by the Australian jockey, Neville Sellwood, the daughter of Dante, who had been well drawn at the start, took the lead at the halfway post and won comfortably by two lengths. There was a photo-finish for the minor placings in the race, which was run over a straight course of just under a mile.

## ASCOT MILE IS NOT BEING WATERED

By Richard Baerlein

The draw has proved to be so important in large fields in races over the straight course at Ascot, particularly when the going has been heavy, that many astute backers completely reorganise their betting plans when they see where their fancies are drawn.

The stay-at-home backer has no such opportunity, and can only learn of his luck next day.

Last year at the Royal meeting, numbers 18 and 17 fought out the finish of the Hunt Cup in a field of 20, while the Wokingham Stakes first three were drawn 24, 22 and 23 in a field of 24.

In 13 races where the fields were large enough to matter, high numbers won 11 and the other two—Rose Linnet and Kelling—were drawn number 1.

These two made all the running in their respective races and having been drawn number 1, their riders kept their mounts under the stand rails throughout, coming the shortest way home and enjoying the company of the rails to help them along.

In each case it was the policy of the rider that won the day.

In an effort to combat the lottery of the draw I understand the Ascot stewards have this year forbidden the straight course to be watered at all and the results of this experiment are anxiously awaited.

The weather can ruin the whole plan but at the moment the going on the Royal Heath promises to be perfect.

While admitting the great value of the draw many courses, this can become exaggerated by the attitude of the jockeys in trying to cross over to the more favoured side instead of going the shortest way home.

Generally speaking, in doing this they lose more ground than if they had kept to their correct pitch throughout.

In the past few seasons we have seen how at Newbury, Lingfield, Windsor and Newmarket, winners from the generally considered bad side of the course simply because their riders have kept a straight course throughout.

(London Express Service)

## LAWN BOWLS TEAMS

The following are club links for League Lawn Bowls fixtures this week-end and all games commencing at 3.30 p.m.:

### FILIPINO CLUB

2nd Division v Hongkong Football Club at Happy Valley, L. A. Guterres, F. J. Hunt, J. A. Delgado, Dr. V. A. Alencar, A. M. Quinn, A. A. Coelho, A. M. Nunes, J. H. Hsu, W. J. Chang, H. J. Noronha, J. T. Cotton, H. Y. Hsu, Reserve, R. Gomes.

### RECREIO

1st Division v Hongkong Football Club at King's Park, L. A. Guterres, F. J. Hunt, J. A. Delgado, Dr. V. A. Alencar, A. M. Quinn, A. A. Coelho, A. M. Nunes, J. H. Hsu, W. J. Chang, H. J. Noronha, J. T. Cotton, H. Y. Hsu, Reserve, R. Gomes.

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The camera showed Fair Judgment, at 33 to 1, to have finished second and Cabbage Hill, at 20 to 1, third of the 23 runners. The 11 to 2 favourite, Kelling, faded in the last furlong. It was Sellwood's first Ascot success.

The weather was not as fine as yesterday but it was sunny despite a high wind and the ladies were again present in large numbers in the latest fashions.

The Queen, with Princess Elizabeth, again rode down the Course in carriages drawn by the famous Royal greys, past a tremendous crowd which packed both sides of the lovely green track.

Belle of All, the One Thousand Guinea winner, showed that she has no superior of her age and sex up to a mile by cantering away with the Coronation Stakes, run over this distance.

Much to the delight of her backers (for she started at 15 to 8 against), Gordon Richards rode the daughter of Nasrullah to a five-lengths victory from the French filly, Djebelina.

### CHINESE CRACKER WINS

Another French filly, M. Marcel Boussac's Monrovia, was also the runner-up, five lengths behind, in the Ribblesdale Stakes of one and a half miles, which went to the Oaks' second, Chinese Cracker.

Chinese Cracker, ridden by the Australian jockey, Arthur Bressley, was the 7 to 4 favourite. Chinese Cracker, who had a rough passage in the Oaks (she still bears a cut she sustained when colliding with the rails at Epsom), relies to stud. Like Val Dassa, she is a daughter of the former Derby winner, Dante, and from today's running may have been unlucky to lose the Oaks.

Sellwood brought off a fine double when he won the tricky Bessborough Stakes Handicap, run over one and a half miles, on Proud Scot. This four-year-old son of Scottish Union started at 100 to 6 like his previous winner, Val Dassa.

The last race of the day, the Jersey Stakes, of just under one mile, went to the topweight, Royal Serenade, ridden by Charlie Elliott.

Serenade beat the 2 to 1 favourite, Aristophanes, ridden by Gordon Richards, by four lengths.

### THE GOLD CUP TODAY

Tomorrow is the Gold Cup, the great race for which all race-lovers have been waiting. The chief characteristics of this drama are the King's filly, Above Board, the former Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill's grey Colanist, the two crack Frenchmen, M. Marcel Boussac's Scratch, and Baron Guy de Rothschild's Allizier, and the French-bred but English-trained Caire.

Will start favourite with the bookmakers, but it is pretty certain that with the totalisator, where most of the small money goes, it will be Colanist who is said to be much "expected" by his very famous owner—Reuter.

### GOLD CUP STARTERS

A field of 11 is expected to face the starter for the Ascot Gold Cup, the main event of the Royal Meeting tomorrow. The race, which is timed to start at 14.45 GMT is being run over two and a half miles.

Probables with jockeys are: Holmshurst (Lester Piggott); Scratch (Rae Johnstone); Colanist (Tommy Gollings); Pan (Roger Poole); The Second (R. S. Smeaton); Beau Sire (W. Cooke); Allizier (F. Palmer); High Forest (W. T. Evans); Caire (Charlie Elliott); Harlech (Gordon Richards); and Above Board (Eph Smith).

All carry nine stones except the King's filly, Above Board, which carries eight stones 11 pounds.—Reuter.

### QUOTATIONS

London, June 13.  
The quotations for tonight's callover at the Victoria Club on tomorrow's Ascot Gold Cup were:

7 to 2 against Allizier and Caire.  
4 to 1 Scratch.  
11 to 2 Colanist.  
9 to 1 Above Board.  
10 to 1 Leadover and Pan.

10 to 1 Beau Sire.  
25 to 1 High Forest.  
25 to 1 Holmshurst.  
60 to 1 Harlech.—Reuter.

## "SUGAR RAY" DOES A TAP DANCE



"Sugar Ray" Robinson, the travelling United States Middleweight Boxing Champion, does a tap dance on the floor of the Palais de Chaillot in Paris during a show given for the benefit of the Old People's Fund. "Sugar Ray" is in the midst of a European boxing tour.

## Cockell & Williams May Both Be After Heavyweight Title

Says ARCHIE QUICK

The Heavyweight Boxing Champion of Great Britain, Europe and the British Empire, Jack Gardner, is as beset as the walls of Jericho. Johnny Williams is after his prized crown and I have a secret feeling that even Jack's stable-mate, Don Cockell, the cruiserweight title holder, has eyes on it too.

After Gardner, with two horribly cut eyes, had been outpointed at the White City by the Argentinian Champion, Cesar Brion, and Williams had in a most workmanlike way knocked out Jo Weidin of Austria in six rounds, Williams' manager Ted Broadbribb said to me: "Williams will fight Brion and make a job of it, the same as he did against Weidin whom Gardner could only outpoint."

Gardner beat Williams for the chance of a crack at Woodcock, but he would never do it again. But I do not suppose Gardner will box again for some months. Johnny is in top gear again and we are ready for Brion in September or earlier.

"Funny how Williams is following behind Gardner in the matter of opponents. When I had Freddie Mills, it was the other way around; he softened them up for Woodcock."

Williams was most impressive. He ruined Weidin with one perfect right-hander. Equally impressive was Cockell. In Nick Barone he could have been given tougher opposition. It was like continuously hitting a brick wall. Barone took all of Don's heavy two-handed punches until Cockell planned him with four crushing right uppercuts and hooks in Round Six. Even the man who has worried America's best could not withstand them.

I like the way Cockell goes in to finish a fight once he has a man going. He does not stand back and look at the damage he has done, like Gardner.

Cockell or Williams will be Heavyweight Champion one day. Remember, Cockell is only twenty-three and still filling out. Yet at 12 stone 11 pounds he is heavier than Len Harvey and Jack Petersen were when they were heavyweight champions.

Randolph Turpin won all right, inside the distance as expected—he knocked out Tommy Keough of USA in Round Seven—but although he was always the master he was unusually

subdued. Perhaps he did not want to show his wares to onlooker Sugar Ray Robinson.

Two tremendous blows to British boxing were the defeats of Terry Ratcliffe and Algar Smith. The latter is in the Army and out of ring practice, but Ratcliffe was knocked down four times and out as clean as a whistle by Bob Frost, of London. It was his first KO.

Most interesting for me was a chat with that great featherweight and former world champion Abe Attel, of New York. He fought Jim Driscoll and had three 20-round contests with Birmingham's Owen Moran, each of which ended in a draw. He told me he thought Williams and Cockell were very good.

Nottinghamshire claim that that doubtful honour is theirs, and that this switch from experience to youth has landed a county with a long and outstanding tradition among the bottom places of the county championship table this last season or two. They were last but two in 1950 and bottom the season before.

But coach Bill Voce, that great left-handed fast bowling partner of Harold Larwood, looks at it a different way. He takes an optimistic view.

"Do not think the old side is down and out," he told me. "We are in the middle of rebuilding an entire eleven and experiments have to be made. Some counties have cause for alarm—those that are searching frantically to speedily register players from other counties, for example. But do not worry about us; we shall come again."

Voce pointed out that only Joe Hartnell, Charlie Harris and Wally Keeton, of the regular

pre-war side, are now playing—although Butler, Winrow and Jepson made fugitive appearances before 1939.

Of that lot Hardstaff, Harris, Keeton and Butler—all over 40 years of age—are on the verge of retirement. Under Voce, however, both at the Trent Bridge nursery and in all parts of the county an intensive coaching scheme is under way, and the old players are having to hold the fort until they do.

Voces only worry is that while good players have already been found they have not matured quite as quickly as expected and the old-timers are having to hold the fort until they do.

Bill pointed to the advance of Winrow, who scored over 1,400 runs last season, and to the improved batting of Stocks and Poole, especially the latter, who, in the winter, plays football for Gillingham.

Voce also referred to young Harvey, who last season took 48 wickets and scored 370 runs, but who looks as though he will be far ahead of those figures this time. There are others like Giles and Martin coming along.

"Above all we have found a grand skipper in Reg Simpson, the first one really worth his place since the days of Arthur Carr," says the forthright Bill.

Voce explained that the Notts team play the majority of their matches at Trent Bridge—an improved batting of Stocks and Poole, especially the latter, who, in the winter, plays football for Gillingham.

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## Royal H.K. Defence Force Orders For Next Week

Serial No. 24. Orders by Lieut. Colonel J. G. Flaher, MBE, Commandant, Royal Hongkong Defence Force. Dated June 12, 1951.

### Force Headquarters

Congratulatory. The following message has been received from Commander British Forces Hong Kong: "His Excellency the Governor expressed himself as well satisfied with the Parade and March Past this morning. Please convey His Excellency's satisfaction to all ranks under your command. I would like to congratulate all who took part on their excellent bearing under very adverse weather conditions. The ceremony was a credit to all concerned. The Commandant wishes to congratulate all members of the R.H.K.D.F. who took part in the King's Birthday Parade on Thursday June 7. It is the first time the Defence Force has paraded in the parade ground since the outbreak of the war. The parade was most gratifying."

Training. Infantry Battalion. A Coy. June 19. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 20. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 21. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 22. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 23. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 24. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 25. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 26. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 27. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 28. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 29. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 30. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 31. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 32. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 33. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 34. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 35. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 36. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 37. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 38. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 39. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 40. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 41. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 42. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 43. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 44. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 45. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 46. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 47. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 48. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 49. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 50. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 51. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 52. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 53. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 54. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 55. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 56. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 57. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 58. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 59. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 60. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 61. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 62. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 63. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 64. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 65. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 66. Programme: Sec. 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Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 101. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 102. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 103. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 104. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 105. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 106. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 107. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 108. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 109. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 110. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Ground. Clean Fatigue. A Coy. June 111. Programme: Sec. Handling, in tough country (Sat. 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.). Parade 3.



# BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

(Incorporated in Hong Kong)

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO			
"ANKING"	Singapore & Bangkok	3 p.m.	15th June
"HUPEN"	Tientsin	10 a.m.	16th June
"POYANG"	Kobe	3 p.m.	17th June
"ROCHOW"	Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m.	17th June
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m.	18th June
"KWEIYANG"	Singapore, Penang & (Batavia?)	5 p.m.	22nd June
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	5 p.m.	24th June
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m.	26th June
"YOHOW"	Bangkok	5 p.m.	26th June
"PAKHOI"	Djakarta	3 p.m.	28th June

## ARRIVALS FROM

"ROCHOW"	Bangkok	4 p.m.	14th June
"POYANG"	Singapore	10th June	
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	7 a.m.	17th June
"FUKIEN"	Djakarta & Bintan	8 a.m.	18th June
"KWEIYANG"	Singapore	19th June	
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	20th June	
"YOHOW"	Kobe	24th June	

## A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO			
"CHANGOT"	Sydney	Noon	17th June
"TAIPEI"	Sydney & Melbourne		20th June
"TAIYUAN"	Japan		12th July

## ARRIVALS FROM

"CHANGOT"	Kobe & Yokohama	7 a.m.	16th June
"TAIPEI"	Kobe		27th June
"TAIYUAN"	Australia		6th July

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"AUTOLYOUS"	Dublin & Liverpool	29th June
"CULTONEUS"	Rotterdam, London & Havre	3rd July
"ANCHISE"	Liverpool & Glasgow	5th July
"PELEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th July

Scheduled sailings from Europe

Sails	Sails	Arrives
G. "MENTOR"	Liverpool	15th June
G. "PELEUS"	do	18th June
S. "CULTONEUS"	do	20th June
S. "ASTYANAX"	do	28th June
G. "ANCHISE"	do	3rd July
S. "CALCHAS"	do	8th July
G. "PATROCLUS"	13th June	17th June
S. "ACAPENOR"	20th June	25th July
G. "AENEAS"	29th June	2nd Aug.

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.  
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.  
Unscheduled.

Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

## DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM  
U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"AGAMEMNON"	17th June
"ANDAMON"	20th June

SAILING FOR NEW YORK via JAPAN,  
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, PANAMA,  
KINGSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE.

"AJAX"	20th June
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## Easton Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives HK
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Tues. Fri. 8.30 a.m. Wed. Sat.	10 a.m. Wed. Sat.
HK/Batavia/Singapore (DC-4)	1.00 p.m. Wed. 6.10 p.m. Thurs.	1.00 p.m. Thurs.
HK/Manila/B.N. Hornes (DC-3)	7.00 a.m. Wed. 4.45 p.m. Thurs.	7.00 a.m. Thurs.
HK/Hankow (DC-3)	7.00 a.m. Fri. 4.00 p.m. Fri.	7.00 a.m. Fri.

All the above subject to alteration without notice.  
For passage and freight particulars please apply to

1. CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 3033/18

BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875, 32144, 24878.

# BEN LINE

ESTD 1845

## ARRIVALS

SHIPS	FROM	DUE
"BENCROACHAN"	U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"BENATOW"	do	on or abt. 28th June
"BENOLEUCH"	do	6th July
"BENARTY"	U.K. via Jersellon	13th July
"BENVORLICH"	U.K. via Singapore	23rd July
"BENMHOR"	do	6th Aug.
"BENALDER"	do	19th Aug.
"BENNEVIS"	do	21st Aug.

## SAILINGS Loading on or abt.

"BENCROACHAN"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin & Antwerp.	17th June
"BENATOW"	London, Hamburg & Antwerp.	30th June
"BENOLEUCH"	Liverpool, Dublin, Rotterdam, Hull & Middlesbrough.	10th July
"BENARTY"	Liverpool, Avonmouth & Glasgow.	17th July
"BENVORLICH"	London, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp.	28th July

Via Singapore, Port Swettenham, Port Sudan, Aden & Port Said.  
Calla Manila & Sandakan.  
Calla Tawau & Sandakan.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Agents

York Building.

Telephone: 24165.

# CHINA MAIL

1, RAFFLES PLACE

## HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS)

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Telephone: 2611 (5 Lines).  
KOWLOON OFFICE: Salisbury Road, Tsimshui, Kowloon.

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20 WORDS \$4.00 for 1 DAY PREPAID  
ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY

10 cents PER WORD OVER 20  
Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS 10% EXTRA  
If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

## FOR SALE

THE "POST" TYPICOM MAP incorporating amendments to the Local and Non-Local Short Signal Code. Mounted. Price \$1.00. Obtainable from "S. C. M. Post."

"ARISTOC" RED MARINE PEN. CILS \$30 per gross, \$3.00 per dozen, 40 cents each. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE Copying Pens. Red, Blue, Green, Yellow, Black, Brown, Black \$35 per gross, \$3.50 per dozen, 50 cents each. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

AIRMAIL WRITING PADS, \$2.50 per gross, \$2.50 per dozen, 50 cents each and \$1.20 "S. C. M. Post."

WILL FORMS, Power of Attorney Forms, Tenancy Agreement Forms on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

ILLUSTRATED DIRECTIONS for adjustment of Hong Kong Standard Life Jacket (for Shipping Companies). 50 cents per copy. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1933 Annual Return Forms on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

## APOLOGY.

In the issue of TIME of 12th February, 1951 on page 20, an article appeared under the heading "HONGKONG—Keep Right On Sitting", which contains the following extract:—

"Passports to European countries were selling for as high as \$8,000 apiece. On nearby Lee House Street the firm of Lo & Lo, Solicitors, reported a thriving business."

The obvious inference to be drawn from these words and which in fact has been drawn from them is that Messrs. Lo & Lo were parties to some illegal and/or criminal trafficking and the sale of passports to Europe, and had made large illegal gains thereby, and had made some report as to their business, including the above.

Such an implication was never intended by us, and we are glad to state that such an inference is wholly untrue and unfounded and the words constitute a most serious libel on Messrs. Lo & Lo.

Messrs. Lo & Lo have commenced actions against us the undersigned. Upon our assurances, which they accept, that we had no intention whatever of publishing any statement which reflects in any way on them, they have stated that they will discontinue their actions for libel upon the following terms:—

- publication of this statement,
  - payment by each of us the undersigned of a substantial sum to the Social Welfare Officer of the Hongkong Government for distribution to such charities as he may think fit.
  - a complete indemnity for legal costs.
- DWIGHT MARTIN, Author.  
TIME INCORPORATED.

## NOTICE

### HONG KONG MINES, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Third Floor, Prince's Building, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong, on Saturday the 30th June, 1951, at Noon for the purpose of:—

- (1) Receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statements of Account.
- (2) Election of Directors.
- (3) Election of Auditors.
- (4) General.

The Transfer Books and Register of Members will be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding the Ordinary Yearly Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
MARTIN & CO., Secretaries.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1951.

## PETER MOK HIM YICK HONG

MACAO MANUFACTURERS' REPRESENTATIVE

Agent for AUSTIN CARS

S.S. TAK SHING M.V. LEE HONG

China Mail Distributor

33 RUA V.P. ARCOS TEL. 688

Cables: Peter Macao Agencies Invited

St. John Ambulance Brigade

FREE AMBULANCE SERVICE

Tel. Hongkong 85035 Kowloon 52222

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

### Consignees per "BENCROACHAN"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown, when it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godown for examination by Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carnichael and Clark, at 10 a.m., 16th June, 1951.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, Consignees must have a Surveyor Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 18th June, 1951, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 22nd July 1951, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD., Agents, New Line Steamers, Ltd., Hongkong, 14th June, 1951.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

### CONSIGNEES PER "BARDER LINE"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown, when it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godown for examination by Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 16th June, 1951.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Surveyor Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 18th June, 1951, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 22nd June, 1951 or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hongkong, 11th June, 1951.

## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



## FERD'NAND

Ad-a Boy!

By Mik



## NANCY

No Mower Business Here

By Ernie Bushmiller



## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



# P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

## PENINSULA & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

### Passenger/Freight Service

Outwards	Leaves London	Arrives Hongkong.
s.s. "CORFU"	31st May	2nd July
s.s. "CANTON"	29th June	30th July
s.s. "CARHAGE"	29th July	27th August
s.s. "CORFU"	23rd August	24th September

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

Homewards

Leaves Hongkong	Due London
s.s. "CORFU"	6th July
s.s. "CANTON"	2nd August
s.s. "CARHAGE"	31st August
s.s. "CORFU"	29th September

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London

### Freight Service

Outwards	Due Hongkong	From
m.s. "SOMALI"	18th June	London & Continent
m.v. "TRAVETHOR"	22nd June	do
s.s. "SINGAPORE"	23rd June	do
m.v. "TRAVOSE"	25th June	do

Homewards

Leaves Hongkong	For
s.s. "SINGAPORE"	29th July
	London & Continent

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Calcutta, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam, with liberty to call at Bombay & intermediate ports.

Tanks available for carriage of oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited passenger accommodation.

## BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

s.s. "TAJIMA"	In Port	from Japan
	sails 15th June	for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta

m.s. "SANGOLA"	due 27th June	from Calcutta, Rangoon & Straits
	sails 10th June	for Japan

\* These ships have refrigerated cargo space.

## P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

H. S. "PENTAKOTA" In Port from Persian Gulf		
sails 10th June for Japan		

## EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

s.s. "EASTERN"	due 10th June	from Sydney
	sails 24th June	for Japan

Accepting cargo on through bills of lading for Tasmanian, New Zealand & Pacific Island Ports.

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

## Film Star

Couldn't

Understand

Paris, June 13.  
Joan Fontaine cannot understand what all the excitement is about just because she went dancing a few times with Prince Aly Khan.

Miss Fontaine was told of a remark made by Rita Hayworth at Glenbrook, Nevada, yesterday to the effect that she was "really not interested in hearing anything about Aly. I really don't care at all."

Miss Fontaine did not want to comment. "Besides," she said, "I am going to London today for a couple of days."

From there, she will probably go to Berlin, she said.

Prince Aly's lawyer, Mr. Charles Forde, meanwhile said he "didn't know a thing" about reports that the Prince was going to Washington later this month.

Reports from the U.S. capital said Prince Aly had booked rooms at the swanky Wardman Park Hotel for a stay beginning on June 20.

This would bring him some 3,000 miles closer to Rita Hayworth, who becomes eligible to file a suit for divorce in Nevada on June 22—United Press.

## Railway Strike

Postponed

Guatemala City, June 13. A rail strike which would paralyze this Central American State was postponed for 48 hours today by the union at the request of the Minister of Economy and Labour, Señor Manuel Morales. It was due to start last midnight—Reuter.







